The People's Press.

VOL. XIX. SALEM, N. C., MAY 19, 1871. NO. 20.

The People's Press.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM,
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

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March, 1871. L. V. & E. T. BLUM.

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March 31, 1871.

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Salem, Nov. 15, 1870.

SELECT MISCELLANY.

WHAT FIVE DOLLARS PAID.

Mr. Herriot was sitting in his office one day, when a lad entered and handed him a slip of paper. It was a bill for five dollars, due to his shoemaker, a poor man who lived in the next square.

"Tell Mr. Grant that I will settle this soon. It isn't just convenient to-day."

The boy retired.

Now, Mr. Herriot had a five dollar bill in his pocket; but, he felt as if he couldn't part with it. He didn't like to be entirely out of money. So, acting from this impulse he had sent the boy away. Very still sat Mr. Herriot for the next five minutes; yet his thought was busy. He was not altogether satisfied with himself. The shoemaker was a poor man, and needed his money as soon as earned—he was not unadvised of this fact.

"I almost wish I had sent him the five dollars," said Mr. Herriot at length, half audibly. "He wants it worse than I do."

He mused still farther.

"The fact is," he at length exclaimed, starting up. "It's Grant's money, and not mine; and what's more, he shall have it."

So saying, Herriot took up his hat and left his office.

"Did you get the money, Charles!" said Grant, as his boy entered the shop. There was a good deal of earnestness in the shoemaker's tones.

"No, sir," replied the boy,

"Didn't get the money?"

"No, sir."

"Wasn't Mr. Herriot in?"

"Yes, sir; but he said it wasn't convenient to-day."

"Oh! dear, I'm sorry!" came from the shoemaker in a depressed voice.

A woman was sitting in Grant's shop when the boy came in; she had now risen and was leaning on the counter; a look of disappointment was in her face.

"It can't be helped, Mrs. Lee," said Grant. "I was sure of getting the money from him. He never disappointed me before. Call to-morrow, and I will try and have it for you."

The woman looked troubled as well as disappointed. Slowly she turned away and left the shop. A few minutes after her departure Herriot came in, and, after some words of apology, paid the bill.

"Run and get this bill changed," said the shoemaker to his boy the moment his customer departed.

"Now," said he, as soon as the change was placed in his hands, "take two dollars to Mrs. Lee, and three to Mr. Weaver, across the street. Tell Mr. Weaver that I am obliged to him for having loaned it to me this morning, and sorry that I had'nt as much in the house when he sent for it an hour ago."

"I wish I had it, Mrs. Elden. But I assure you that I have not," said Mr. Weaver, the tailor. "I paid out the last dollar just before you came in. But call in to-morrow and you shall have the money, to a certainty."

"But what am I to do to-day? I have not a cent to bless myself with; and I owe so much to the grocer's, where I deal, that they won't trust me any more."

The tailor looked troubled, and the woman lingered. Just at this moment the shoemaker's boy entered.

"Here are the three dollars Mr. Grant borrowed of you this morning," said the lad. "He says he's sorry he hadn't the money when you sent for it a while ago."

How the face of the tailor and his needle woman brightened instantly, as if a gleam of sunshine had penetrated the room.

"Here is just the money I owe you," said the former, in a cheerful voice, and he handed the woman the three dollars he had received. A moment after and he was alone but with the glad face of the poor woman, whose need he had been able to supply, distinct before him.

Of the three dollars received by the needle-woman, two went to the grocer, on account of her debt to him, half a dollar was paid to an old and needy colored woman who had earned it by scrubbing, and who was waiting for Mrs. Elden's return from the tailor's to get her due, and thus be able to provide an evening and a morning's meal for herself and children. The other half dollar was paid to the baker when he called toward evening to leave the accustomed loaf. Thus the poor needle-woman had been able to discharge four debts, and, at the same time, re-establish her credit with the grocer and baker, from whom came the largest portion of the food consumed in her little family.

And now let us follow Mrs. Lee. On her arrival at home, empty handed, from her visit to the shoemaker, who owed her two dollars for work, she found a young girl, in whose pale face were many marks of suffering and care, awaiting her return.

The girl's countenance brightened as she came in; but there was no answering brightness in the countenance of Mrs. Lee, who immediately said, "I am very sorry, Harriet, but Mr. Grant put me off until to-morrow! He said he hadn't a dollar in the house."

The girl's disappointment was very great, for the smile she had forced into life instantly faded, and was succeeded by a look of deep distress.

"Do you want the money very badly?" asked Mrs. Lee, in a low, half choked voice, for the sudden change in the girl's manner had affected her.

"Oh! yes, ma'am, very badly. I left Mary wrapped up in my thick shawl, and a blanket wound all around her feet to keep them warm; but she was coughing dreadfully from the cold air of the room."

"Haven't you a fire!" asked Mrs Lee, in a quick, surprised tone.

"We have no coal. It was to buy coal that I wanted the money."

Mrs. Lee struck her hands together, and an expression of pain was about passing her lips, when the door of the room opened, and the shoemaker's boy came in.

"Here are two dollars. Mr. Grant sent them."

"God bless Mr. Grant!" The exclamation from Mrs. Lee was involuntary.

On the part of Harriet, to whom one dollar was due, a gush of silent tears marked the effect this timely supply of money produced. She received her portion, and, without trusting her voice with words, hurried away to supply the pressing want at home.

A few doors from the residence of Mrs. Lee, lived a man who, some few month before, had become involved in trouble with an evil disposed person, and been forced to defend himself by means of the law.—He had employed Mr. Herriot to do what was requisite in the case, for which service the charge was five dollars. The bill had been rendered a few days before, and the man, who was poor, felt very anxious to pay it. He had the money all made up to within a dollar. That dollar Mrs. Lee owed him, and she had promised to give it to him during this day. For hours he had waited, expecting her to come in; but now had nearly given her up. There was another little bill of three dollars which had been sent in to him, and he had just concluded to go and pay that, when Mrs. Lee called with the balance of the money, one dollar, which she had received from the shoemaker, Grant.

Half an hour later, and the pocket-book of Mr. Herriot was no longer empty. His client had called and paid his bill. The five dollars had come back to him.

Had Him There.

A Jersey tavern-keeper, who had become more celebrated for the length of his bills than for the abundance of his patrons, met with a razor as sharp as himself not long since. A Yankee happening to pass through that barbarous region, stopped at this man's hotel and ordered dinner. When he came to pay the bill, he was astonished to find it stretched out to the round sum of six dollars. This rather startled the Yankee, and he demanded to know what he had eaten that such a bill could be charged. The landlord replied: 'The bill will show you.'

On consulting it he found therein charged several kinds of wines and extras.

'Well, look here! I didn't have no your wines—there was none o stuff brought on for me, and the bill.'

'O, we never wait for o know our business,' replie 'the wine was on the tabl drink it or not—that was

The Yankee saw that th in quarrelling about the m a muttered vow of vengeance bill.

Three months after that, our F friend again made his appearance at t hotel, and called for a dinner for himse and friend. When he sat down to the ta ble he laid a twenty dollar bill at the side of his plate, and ordered all the delicacies he could think of, and all the wines he could stomach. While eating his dinner, he called the attention of the landlord to the bill, as to whether it was genuine or not. The landlord looked at it—replied that it was and handed it back. As soon as they had finished their dinner and cracked an extra bottle of champagne, the Yankee put the money in his pocket, walked out of the house and jumped into his wagon.

'Halloo! here, you've not paid your bill!' said the landlord.

'That's your own fault,' said the Yankee; 'I never wait to have a bill presented to me—the money lay on the table and you should have taken it or not, just as you told me about the wine three months ago yesterday.'

The landlord swore to some extent as the Yankee's horse, 'kicking up the dust' along the road, grew small by degrees and beautifully less.

The Critical Periods of Human Life.

From the age of forty to that of sixty, a man who properly regulates himself may be considered in the prime of life.—His matured strength of constitution renders him almost impervious to the attacks of disease, and all his functions are in the highest order. Having gone a year or two past sixty, however, he arrives at a critical period of existence; the river of Death flows before him, and he remains at a standstill. But athwart this river is a viaduct, called "The Turn of Life," which, if crossed in safety, leads to the valley "Old Age," round which the river winds, and then flows beyond without a boat or causeway to affect its passage.—The bridge, is, however, constructed of fragile materials, and it depends upon how it is trodden whether it bend or break.—Gout, Apoplexy, and other bad characters are also in the vicinity to waylay the traveller, and thrust him from the pass; but let him gird up his loins and provide himself with perfect composure. To quote a metaphor, the "Turn of Life" is a turn either into a prolonged walk or into the grave. The system and powers, having reached their utmost expansion, now begin either to close like flowers at sunset, or break down at once. One injudicious stimulent, a single fatal excitement, may force it beyond its strength; whilst a careful supply of props, and all that tends to force a plant, will sustain it in beauty and in vigor until night has nearly set in.

There are in man, five hundred and twenty-seven muscles, two hundred and fifty seven of which are in pairs. Of these no less than one hundred are constantly used in the simple act of breathing.

Anything but Sorry.

Not many years ago a big, strapping, awkward youth, fresh from Vermont, entered an academy in a neighboring town for a little share of erudition, which was at that time doled out of that Temple of Minerva at economical prices. At that time—we know not how it is a present—the boys and girls were kept in one apartment, only the middle aisle separating them. One day, this Vermont stripling, who had just been helping one of the girls through a hard problem—he was cute at ciphering—thought it no more than fair that he should take toll for his valuable services; accordingly he threw his stalwart arm around the rosy damsel and gave her a sly [illegible] which startled the [illegible] assembly.

"Jedediah Tower, come up here?" roared out the preceptor.

The delinquent appeared, his face glowing with blushes like a red hot warming pan, and looking as sly as a ninny.

"Hold out your hand, sir?" said the pedagogue. "I'll teach you not to act thus in this institution."

The huge paw was extended in a horizontal line towards the instructor, who surveyed its broad surface with a mathematical eye—calculating how many strokes of his small ferule it would take to cover the large number of square inches it contained.

"Jedediah," at length he said, "this is the first time that you have been called up for any delinquency; now sir, if you will say that you are sorry for what you have done, I will let you off this time without punishmeni."

"Sorry," exclaimed the youngster, striking an attitude of indignation; "sorry!—No sir! I am not. And I will do jest so again if I hev a chance. So put on, old feller, jest as hard as you like. By the jumping Jehosiphat! I'd stand here and let you lick me till kingdum kum, afore I'd be sorry at that—by thunder I would!"

What Makes the Negro Black.

The following explanation by Dr. Draper, of New York, possesses some interest, chiefly because it shows what may be said on the subject:

"Human blood is made up of little cells, containing, among other elements, hæmatin, a reddish substance which is largely made up of iron. One of the duties of the liver is the renewing of the old blood cells and the forming of new ones, and this includes the carrying out from the system all excess of hæmatin. A hot climate disturbs the normal action of the [illegible] of the liver. Imperfect action, great heat, and adds to the arterial blood, while, [illegible] energetic respiration which [illegible] is an over fatness and [illegible] liver. The hæmatin, therefore, [illegible] action of the great cleansing [illegible] is left in the system, and wandering about, takes refuge in the lower and [illegible] cells of the cuticle, which it thus bronzes from orange-tawny to negro black, according to the heat of the climate, the inactivity of the liver, and the amount of hæmatin left as refuse in the system.

Cold checks the action of the liver equally with heat, and, therefore, the complexion of the Esquimaux approaches that of the Mongolian and negro. This is certainly a simple and intelligible explanation. The tendency of coloring matter to deposit itself in the cuticle is well known. But let it not be thought that this darkening process is the result of an *unhealthful* action of the liver. In that case it would appear that Providence designed only the temperate zones to be inhabited, and the wealth of the tropics to be lost to mankind. In fact, the health and vigor of the tropical tribes show that *all the earth* is man's intended dwelling.

Burial of the Dead.

It has always seemed singular to us that we would hand over our dead into the hands of strangers. We nurse and watch over them with the vigilance and devotion of love until the life is gone, and the eye is shut in death, and then we give them into the care of others, almost entire strangers to weep for us over our dead. Now, this is not right. Could anything be more in place, look more beautiful, than that children should bear a dear father, or a beloved mother to the grave? When we could not walk, and our feet stambled, and our knees were weak, they lifted us up and bore us tenderly in their strong arms and on their beating bosoms, and nestling up our tired feet and hands, they sang us to sleep and laid us to rest in the old cradle.

And now that they can walk no more, and their feet are sore, and they have fallen by the way, with their quiet, tired faces turned up to us in the solemn patience of paternal love, why shall we not take them up in our strong arms and bear them patiently and lovingly down to the grave's side, and nestle them away to rest in its bed under the old oak tree, even though our hearts are too full for song. And why should a father not preach his child's funeral sermon, if he be a preacher? One such instance we have. When Dudley A. Tyng was carried to his grave, his venerable father stood up in his son's pulpit, so suddenly made vacant by an awful death, and preached a funeral sermon. And it was a great tribute he brought to his child. The words were a father's—deep, true, tearful, holy. He had a right to speak.

The average depth of the Atlantic ocean is set down at 13,400 feet, and that of the Pacific at 18,000. On the western side of St. Helena soundings have been made, it is said, to the depth of 27,600 feet—five miles and a quarter—without touching bottom!

AGRICULTURAL.

One way to Improve Land.

It perhaps has occurred to but few farmers to employ the roving herds of summer at manure making. It may be done thus:

Select a spot adjoining an outside fence, and enclose it well on the three remaining sides. Haul leaves from woods, muck from ponds or swamps, or anything that will rot into a good manure in ten or twelve months, and spread over this lot three or four inches deep. If there are not several trees in this lot, make shelters for shade by placing poles upon forks, putting a floor of rails across these poles, and cover thickly with pine tags. Enclose large pieces of ground alum salt in boxes having a hole in their tops large enough for cattle to get their tongues in conveniently. Place these boxes firmly upon posts about over the lot. Make a gap in the outside fence, that everybody's cattle that comes along may walk in. As soon as they find out the salt, this lot will become a grand congregating place for all the cattle in the vicinity—a perfect campground of the bovine species. They will make the shelters their resting place, by day and by night, and will continue to come so long as the supply of salt (which must be added occasionally) holds out. Of course, they will drop their manure here; and by winter you will have the satisfaction of owning, at least, one lot that has been well manured, at small expense. So long as cattle run at large, we think it right that *somebody* should have the benefit of the manure, if they can get it.—*Exchange.*

Clover as a Shade.

There is probably no other plant in the world of such value to the farmer for this purpose. It furnishes the most perfect protection to the soil during the fierce drying heats of summer. Being a constantly deciduous plant, its leaves are perpetually falling, and soon form a delicate covering for the entire soil, sufficiently thick for shade, and easily penetrated at all points by the air, which is the great carrier to the worn-out soil of those atmospheric elements that are to enrich it. In this way the clover plant not only contributes directly to the fertilizing of the soil, by giving its own substance to it, but it furnishes a protective covering to the entire ground, which encourages and stimulates those chemical processes by which the hungry and exhausted soil is recuperated from the vast supplies of nutriment that are held in the atmosphere. It becomes to the farmer the most valuable fertilizer in the world, as it imparts fertility to the entire soil.—*Southern Farmer.*

About the Door.

A bit of shrubbery in the yard, a vine climbing by the trellis, a strip of refreshing green spread from the door are sure to make a place of greater marketable value, which, with many, is a consideration to be thought of before any other. Such need no further appeal to their sense of neatness, then. But those who really love the suggestions of beauty for their own sake, will not omit the tuft patch and shrubbery, and the hedge and vine, because they make almost any home more attractive and lovely, and cause the sentiments to sprout, like the very leaves and buds themselves. How few stop to consider what a powerful association lies lurking in every simple but familiar object, like a bush, a bit of grass, or a border of flowers! They are objects that hold us almost as steadily and strongly to home as wife and children; they are closely associated with these, in fact, and can with difficulty be separated. Therefore we say to all, brush up about the door, and plant near by an object of simple beauty. It will bear fruit in the heart a hundred fold. —*Massachusetts Ploughman.*

White Hair.

A correspondent of the Massachusetts *Ploughman* gives this remedy for white hairs that appear on horses from the use or wear of the saddle or harness: "Take a piece of fresh butter or lard large enough to give the spot a thorough greasing; rub the same thoroughly with the hand until it becomes quite hot, repeating the operation at least four or five times, and the white hairs will soon come out, and hairs of natural color take their place. I think the best time to do it is in the winter, before the new coat starts."

They have in China what is known as the grease tree. Large forests grow there, and the oleaginous product has become an article of traffic. The grease forms an excellent tallow, burning with a clear, brilliant and—what is infinitely more to the purpose—white light, and at the same time emitting not a trace of any unpleasant odor, or of the ordinary disagreeable accompaniment of combustion, smoke.

Some French physicians have concluded that salt meat does not play so great a part in the production of scurvy as is generally supposed, and a writer in a Paris journal says the experience of the garrison at Metz settles all doubt in the matter. Although deprived of salt meat from the 4th of September to the 17th of October, the garison suffered terribly from scurvy. The disease is attributed to cold and damp, to the want of fresh vegetables; to overpowering drill, and, above all to insufficient food.

In man the brain averages in weight 1-35th of the body; in the dog, 1-120th; in the horse, 1-150th; in the sheep, 1-750th; and in the ox 1-800. Generally speaking, eight-tenths of the brain is composed of water.

DON'T BE DISCOURAGED.—A crow ready to die with thirst, flew with joy to a pitcher which he saw at a distance. But when he came up to it, he found the water so low, that with all his stooping and straining he was unable to reach it. Thereupon he tried to break the pitcher, then to overthrow it; but his strength was not sufficient to do either. At last, seeing some small pebbles at hand, he dropped a great many of them, one by one into the pitcher, and so raised the water to the brim, and quenched his thirst. Skill and patience will succeed where force fails; necessity is the mother of invention.

Probably the greatest system of economy known to the world is practiced in the Philadelphia Mint. Once a year the floors, while are double in the gold melting room, are taken apart and the sweepings thrown into the fire. The clothing of the men in the furnace rooms is also burned when worn out; and it is positively asserted, so says a New York *Herald* correspondent, that the money collected by this process alone, pays the President's salary.

According to Boerhaave, the healthiest children are born in January, February and March.

The natural small pox usually carries off eight in every hundred attacked with it; but of three hundred inoculated, only one dies.

The flea, locust and grasshopper jump two hundred times their own length; equal to a quarter of a mile for a man.

STATE ITEMS.

A difficulty occurred at Currituck C. H., on the 4th inst., between Mr. John Ballance and Dr. J. J. Baxter, in which the former was shot through the body, the wound being probably mortal. The quarrel arose upon the presentation of a bill for medical services, which Mr. Ballance said was too large. High words ensued, and Ballance finally struck the Doctor, who immediately drew and fired his pistol. Dr. Baxter was at once arrested, but after a brief examination, was discharged, upon the ground that the shooting was done in self-defence. The Doctor's face was badly damaged in the struggle with his victim, after the fatal shot had been fired.

Wine making is quite an item of industry in and around Lincolton. Mr. Paganstecker, a German resident, made last season 800 gallons of six varieties.

Since the death of Ex-Gov. Chas. Manley, there is but one surviving member of the class that graduated at Chapel Hill in 1814, and that one is Dr. Alexander Long, of Salisbury, aged 82 years.

William T. Bilbro, a magistrate at Washington, N. C., quarrelled with Thomas Mason, on the 2d inst., about some trivial affair, and Bilbro was seriously stabbed in the abdomen.

A detachment of U. S. Soldiers reported at Salisbury on Tuesday to the U. S. deputy Marshal Hester, to be assigned to duty in Rutherford and adjoining counties.

Prices in Raleigh are as follows: Butter, 45 cts.; eggs, 20 cts.; chickens, full grown, 45 cts.; spring chickens, 25 cts.; strawberries, 40 cts. per gallon; dried fruit 10 cts. per quart.

Rev. John M. Brandt, who has been making himself conspicuous in Charlotte, in the pretended establishment of a commercial college, turns out to be a swindler, and has left for parts unknown.

The yield from the eastern fisheries this year has been exceedingly large, causing the market to be glutted; in consequence of which they have not been quite as profitable as usual.

GENERAL NEWS.

The number of cases of tobacco annually grown, cured and packed in Lancaster county, Penna., is 16,000, which, at an average of 380 pounds to the case, is 6,080,000 pounds; at 18 cents per pound, which is a fair estimate of the average price at which Lancaster county tobacco is sold at the barn, this brings in nearly $1,100,000, which is a pretty fair sum for the tobacco crop of one county.

An Indiana farmer cut down, last week, an oak tree which measured eight feet and nine inches in diameter across the stump; and produced fourteen and a half cords of wood, 400 fencing posts, and six two horse loads of chips. He sold the wood at $3 per cord, fencing posts at 50 cents apiece, and the chips at $2.50 per load. Total, $248.50.

The New York *Tribune* announces that the government wrung from the people $85,994,000 in taxes in 1870, over and above the amounts paid in either of the years 1868 and 1869; and yet the *Tribune*, and its radical coadjutors, have the hardihood to boast of the manner in which they have reduced taxation.

The London *Times*, which is considered as the exponant of English public opinion, says that the decision of the United States Supreme Court in favor of the constitutionality of the legal tender act, is both unjust and violent, and will prove a misfortune to the country.

The Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad shops, at Wilmington, Del., were destroyed by fire on the 8th inst., together with seventeen locomotives. The fire was occasioned by sparks from an engine. The loss is very heavy.

The jury in the case of the United States *vs.* Lilienthal, a large tobacconist of New York, for false return of sales, rendered a verdict on the 8th inst., in favor of the government for $104,000 the full amount it claimed.

Davis, the radical Governor of Texas, has just pardoned 100 convicts out of the penitentiary. The election is approaching, and they are all expected to vote Davis' ticket.

Boston is the great fish market of America. Twenty-five dealers handle nearly all the fish sold in New England. The product of the fishery is estimated at $40,000 for yearly.

The tea-growers in the South and Southwest are extending their acreage so much that they claim that in a few years enough tea will be grown in this country to supply the home demand.

The ravages of the black caterpillars are worse in Arkansas than ever known before. They are stripping the forests of leaves.

The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

FRIDAY, MAY 19, 1871.

GEO. WALTER SITES,--EDITOR.

Convention—Its Cost, &c.

One of the main arguments relied upon by the office-holders and their allies to defeat the Convention, is its cost. Their imaginations have become excited, heated and expanded, and they prate about "one hundred thousand dollars," "two hundred thousand dollars" and even higher figures. It is a wonder to us that they have not imagined as high as half a million of dollars, for to men who could look on and complacently permit Littlefield, Jones and their worthy colleagues to rob the State of from ten to fifteen millions, half a million is certainly not too enormous a sum for them to think about. If, however, we were to accept their highest estimate, the Convention would be cheap enough, but it will not cost, if the right sort of men are sent to it, over twenty-five, or, at most, thirty thousand dollars. The office holders refuse to look at facts in their true light, and contend that if the Constitution is to be altered at all, the most expeditious and economical mode is by Legislative action. Now let us see.

The Conventions of '61, '65 and '68 are no criterions to go by. They were held during periods of great social and political disturbance—under pressure, as it were—when bayonets, either Southern or Northern, were flashing back the sunlight all over the South, and exerting an influence that was irresistible. So we will have to go back to 1835 for a fair example, for that Convention was called at a time of profound peace such as exists at present.

The Convention of 1835, the first body of the kind which ever assembled in this State, met in Raleigh on the 4th day of June of that year, and was composed of 116 delegates, being two for each county. It sat but a few weeks, and framed a Constitution under which we lived very happily for a quarter of a century. According to the official statement of the expenses of that Convention, its entire cost to the tax-payers of the State, was only eleven thousand, six hundred and twenty-nine dollars and ninety cents. ($11,629 90.)

Agreeably to the bill passed by the Legislature, the Convention of 1871, if called by the sovereign people, will consist of 121 delegates. It can, and ought to, get through all its business in four weeks.—The pay of the delegates, for this period, at the legislative standard, would be $16,940. Add to this sum about $8,000—which is a liberal estimate—for pay of clerks, mileage of members, printing, &c., and we have the full cost to amount to a little less than $25,000.

The Convention, by bringing the Judiciary back to its former numbers—three on the Supreme Bench, and eight on the Superior Court Bench, would save to the tax-payers this year, and every succeeding year, $15,000. By properly disposing of the public debt, discarding or ignoring the fraudulent portion, and compromising with our creditors for the legitimate portion, we would cut down the principal some twenty-five millions of dollars, and avert the necessity of laying a special tax of some five millions, as required by the present Constitution to pay the accrued and accruing interest on this debt. By abolishing the present county and township organization, and getting back to the old system, we would do away with a horde of useless officials, and save to the people of the State the very first year, over $150,000 in salaries, fees and "pickings." By abolishing the section in the present Constitution, which requires a census to be taken at the expense of the State every tenth year, beginning in 1875, we save more than the entire cost of the Convention each and every time. The Federal census is good enough for the Federal government, and is good enough for us. There are 91 counties in the State, and to take the census in 1875, will cost on an average $300 for each county, which will make an aggregate of $27,300. The very enumeration, at 2 cents a head, will cost over $20,000, for the State has over a million of inhabitants. There are various other leaks—regular bung-hole leaks—that nothing under the sun but a Convention *can* stop.

So much for the economy of the Convention. Now for the *expedition* of the Legislative mode of amendment.

Governor Reid introduced the Free Suffrage measure to the consideration of the public somewhere about 1848. A bill to amend the Constitution in that respect was introduced into the General Assembly on the 5th of December, 1850. It was only one little amendment, and if the members of the General Assembly could have agreed, it would have been part of the Constitution in the fall of 1853; but it did not get through until January, 1855, over four years! Just one little amendment took four years and more before its friends could get it safely over its tribulations, and fasten it in the Constitution of the State. Legislative action is *very* expeditious, especially when members do not think alike, or when there is a minority sufficiently large to act as a stumbling block in the path of the majority, and sufficiently tantalizing to enact the part of that stumbling block to perfection. Well, the amendment was finally carried, and it cost the State, upon a fair calculation, to engraft that single amendment upon the Constitution by Legislative action, more than the whole expense of the Convention of 1835, which gave us a new Constitution in a few weeks, at a cost of less than $12,000. If it cost so much to secure *one* Constitutional amendment by the Legislative mode, how much will it cost to secure, by that method, the dozen or two that are now absolutely required? If it took over four years for the General Assembly to decide upon engrafting upon our Constitution *one* amendment, how long will it take to decide upon a whole battalion of amendments? These are simple problems which anybody can cypher out at their leisure.

So stands the matter; and we go for a Convention as the most economical, most expeditious, most satisfactory and most republican method of amending our Constitution. We do *not* go for it because a majority of the Conservatives in the State are in favor of it. We advocate it on higher grounds. We advocate it irrespective of party, because we would sooner trust the Constitution of North Carolina in the hands of the people, than in those of the politicians. We advocate it because "all political power is vested in, and derived from the people; all government of right originates from the people, is founded upon their will only, and is instituted solely for the good of the whole"; and furthermore, because "the people of this State have the inherent, sole and exclusive right of regulating the internal government and police thereof, and altering and abolishing their Constitution and form of government, whenever it may be necessary to their safety and happiness."

Some of the Republican papers at the North speak of the infamous mulatto outlaws in Robeson county as "Ku Klux," the object being to convey the impression to their readers that they are encouraged by the Conservatives. Such conduct on the part of these papers is exceedingly discreditable. The Lowry gang is composed of villains, who assail Conservatives and Republicans alike, though we believe their hostility is directed mainly against the former. It seems very strange to us that these scoundrels could enter a town garrisoned by a company of United States soldiers, break open the jail, release their comrades, and then effect their escape unmolested. Yet this very thing has just occurred. There is a criminal lack of energy on the part of the authorities somewhere. Were this gang composed of veritable Ku Klux, they would have been extirpated long ago, if it had taken a thousand troops to do it.

False reports, started by the office-holders, will be as plenty as blackberries between this and the August election, and we wish to say now that we do not expect to have space, time or patience to correct all of them, though we may knock a few of them in the head now and then, just to keep our hand in. Among the recent fables concocted by Sheriff Mastin and gushingly narrated by him in our presence, is one to the effect that the well-known Conservative Senator from Jackson, Macon, &c., Dr. Love, had repudiated his action in the Legislature, and was now upon the stump energetically opposing the Convention. U. S. District Attorney Starbuck has not considered it beneath *his* dignity to give color to the same report. The following brief note addressed to us by Capt. Atkinson, of the Asheville *Citizen*, will probably disgust both the U. S. District Attorney and the Sheriff, but, regret it as we may, we can't help it:

> DEAR SITES: I drop you this note by return mail to say that Dr. Love is on the stump in the West a warm advocate of the Convention. I heard him the other day at Waynesville, and his speech was a "telling" one against the anti-Conventionists. I hope you will say so through the *Press*.
>
> Your friend in haste, N. A.

The Sheriff is respectfully but urgently referred to Proverbs XII, verses 17 to 22. He will find wise counsel there which he would do well to heed. There are a good many other passages that might benefit him, but we won't be too hard on him all at once.

The treaty between this country and England has been signed, and now awaits ratification by Congress and Parliament. The Senate is now in session discussing its various provisions, and it is probable that some three weeks will be consumed over it. We hope it will be ratified, and an end put to all disturbing questions between this and the mother country. For our part, we don't care one cent what becomes of the Alabama claims, the San Juan question, or the Fishery dispute. All we want is the blessed assurance of peace.

Mr. J. B. Carpenter, the intensely radical editor of the Rutherford *Star*, recommends the Raleigh *Telegram* not to talk so much about him and his connection with the Logan affair, or he will "in self-defence tell something about that $1,000 that a certain so-called Conservative paper was to get for advocating Republican principles in the coming campaign."

This is a rather "sarching" insinuation, and we hope the paper referred to will be enabled to repel it conscientiously.

Gov. Caldwell

Gov. Caldwell was not satisfied with addresses to the people at public meetings establishment of "... ers," favoring ... of the people to ... as Hon. Samuel ... expressed it, "... bare majority of ... but he defended him ... in the Senate when ... for him to do so. ... very natural, but ... show how ... *principle* ... that he ... demon...

Res... if the ... Joy... adj... Car... the ... order ... an amendment ... ...ns to the bill, appointing an election to ascertain by ballot the will of the freemen of North Carolina relative to the meeting of a Convention to amend and alter the Constitution of this State, the delegates to which to be elected on the Federal ...sis, and the result of the election to be ...mmunicated by the Governor to the ...xt General Assembly. The object of ...his amendment was the settlement of ...he Convention question, and it was hoped ...to get enough assistance from the opposite ranks to adopt the amendment by a ...jority vote. It was, however, defeated ... a vote of 17 yeas to 26 nays, Pe... being the only Whig voting in the ne... tive, and he did so, in all probability, ... he might be enabled to move a reconsid... ation, if necessary. The following we... the yeas:

> Arundell, Barringer, Bond, Bynum, TOD ... CALDWELL, Davidson, Gilmer, Grist, Haughton, Joyner, Kelly, Lane, Lillington, Malloy, Richardson, Sessoms and Woodfin.

On the 23rd of the same month, when the bill came up on its final reading, Mr. Haughton, of Chatham, moved an amendment similar to the one offered by Gen. Bynum, and it was defeated by a vote of 14 yeas to 33 nays—a strict party vote with the exception of Mr. Hargrave, who voted with the Convention men—TOD R. CALDWELL, of course, voting in the affirmative.

Now, we do not know how His Excellency, the Governor, gets around ... unless it has happened that, like ... Young and other illustrious ... has received a revelation. ... is the first instance that ... read of, where the revelat... especially to points of cons... or political doctrine. This, ... "progressive" age, revelations—if ... believe all we hear—are apt to come ... and fast, and we therefore hope and ... that His Excellency will soon be favored with another revelation that will induce him to turn his wandering steps once more into the pleasant path he used to tread—the path of peace, propriety and prosperity.

Any number of Conservative and Democratic journals, North and South, are so delighted with Sherman's recent blunt, little speech at New Orleans, that they have actually forgotten the "proprieties," and are hurrahing for the hero of the "march to the sea" as the very Presidential candidate they have been looking for. They might as well repress their enthusiasm, and remember that one swallow don't make it spring time. Gen. Sherman has already positively declared that he will not become a candidate for the Presidency upon any consideration, and he was prudent in so doing. Should he be elected, it would be only for four years, and he would be compelled to resign command of the army, which, otherwise, he retains during his life-time. "A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush," wisely thinks Tecumseh Sherman.

The Southern Claims Commission do not intend to give anybody a chance to "ring in" on them. They intend to have the names of all claimants printed, and the lists posted up at the post-offices throughout the South, so that everybody may see them, and catch the claimants tripping in case they ever did anything to favor the South. Under this rule, anybody having a spite against a claimant, can give him a great deal of trouble, and in many cases defeat his chances altogether.

TWENTY YEARS AFTER.—T. B. Peterson & Brothers, 306 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, have favored us with a copy of the second volume of their new, cheap and popular edition of "Alexander Dumas Works," now in course of publication by them, being the second series of the "Three Guardsmen." One volume, octavo, price 75 cents.

BASIL, OR THE CROSSED PATH.—To the same enterprising publishers we are indebted for a copy of "Basil, or the Crossed Path," being the tenth volume of their new, cheap and popular edition of "Wilkie Collins' Works." The name of Wilkie Collins now stands almost at the head of the list of English Novelists. His plots are intricate, his stories fullof mystery, and his power as a writer is unquestionable. Enclose 75 cents for either of the above books to T. B. Peterson & Brothers, No. 306 Chestnut Street Philadelphia.

An Appeal from the Governor.

His Excellency, Governor Caldwell, has issued an address to the people of North Carolina, appealing to them to frown down all lawlessness, and assist the constituted authorities in maintaining the supremacy of the law. He insists that bands of disguised men are prowling about committing outrages, &c., &c., &c.—The appeal is all well enough, as such, and would be quite appropriate were there any necessity for it. But it conveys the impression that North Carolina is in a state of social anarchy, than which nothing is farther from the truth. Crimes are committed in this State as in every other, and so it will be until the millenium, but we venture to say that there is less crime and disorder in North Carolina to-day than in Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, or any other State of similar proportions. This appeal of the Governor is just the thing for the extremists at Washington, who are eagerly watching for some pretext to hurl troops upon the State. It gives color to the calumnies freely disseminated by the office-holders and their unprincipled partisans, and who hope, by getting up another reign of military terrorism, to crush the people who are yearning to repudiate them.—There is not an honest and respectable citizen of North Carolina, be he Conservative or Republican, who does not condemn the conduct of lawless individuals, and who would not go as far as he who goes farthest, in order to bring the guilty to justice, but they do not consider it necessary to neglect their private affairs to fight the wind-mills which may be set up, one after another, by the Governor at the suggestion of the very office-holders who are interested in creating a state of insecurity and alarm at this early day, so that the more timorous portion of our people may be deterred from voting in favor of Convention, and otherwise expressing their emphatic condemnation of the unworthy conduct of their oppressors.

We shall publish the "appeal" of His Excellency in our next issue, without further comment. It is a portion of the record which the present is making up as a lesson and a warning to the future.

The Supreme Court of North Carolina ...ssembles in Raleigh on Monday, the 5th ...y of June next. We learn from the ...leigh *Sentinel* that the cases from the ...veral Judicial Districts will be called ...he following order, viz:

...st week, 1st and 2nd Districts,
... week, 4th and 5th Districts,
..., 3rd and 7th Districts,
... 8th and 9th Districts,
...th and 11th Districts,
... and 6th Districts.

...he first week applicants ...ctice law will be examin... ...ights of Property." On ... will be examined on Plead... ...ctice, and the Code of Civil Pro... ...re.

...t is stated that all the members of the late Legislature, who were banned by the 14th Amendment to the Constitution of the United States, have been indicted in the U. S. Court for holding office in violation of law.—*Charlotte Democrat.*

The same intimation is made in the last issue of the *Old North State*. If true, it is no more than we expected, and we haven't a grain of pity for the men, who, knowing themselves to be banned, permitted themselves to become candidates. The presence of a sufficient number of such men in the General Assembly might have jeopardized the validity of the legislation of that body. Together with the *Old North State*, and one or two other papers, we preached sermon after sermon, warning our people not to elect banned candidates. Now, perhaps, it will be acknowledged that we were in the right.

We learn that the number indicted is five in the Senate, and seventeen in the House, but we think most of them will be able to show that they are *not* banned.

The taxes imposed by the late Legislature are greater than ever before known, and unless we have a Convention and change the State Constitution, taxes will be much higher than at present. Vote for a Convention for relief or make up your minds to sell property to pay taxes.

If the people of North Carolina vote against calling a Convention, they may expect to be oppressed for taxes. Those who pay taxes must see that the burden is equally and legally borne. The negroes must be made to pay poll tax for State, County and City expenses, and then they will think about the importance of voting for honest, economical men for office. Let every man, white and black, be made to pay a tax, or let punishment be inflicted for neglect or refusal to do so. —*Charlotte Democrat.*

Hon. James M. Leach delivered an address at the Court House on Wednesday last, upon Agriculture, and exerted himself to awaken an interest among his hearers upon the subject. He portrayed the benefits that would naturally follow the establishment, upon a firm foundation, of Agricultural Societies in every county and district of the State, and contrasted the conditions of producers North and South, owing to the interest taken in these Societies on the one hand, and their neglect on the other. We regret that pressing duties prevented us from hearing the remarks of our distinguished Representative.

DEMOREST'S MAGAZINE.—The June number just received, is fully up to its usual standard, especially on matters relating to dress and home interests.

The Texas Outrage.

Another instructive lesson, teaching us how little the leaders of the dominant party care for Constitutional restraints or obligations, is given us in the present condition of the great State of Texas. There it lies, prone and helpless under the feet of the office-holders and characterless adventurers, who, in furtherance of their desperate projects, are rending into tatters the very Constitution which they helped to frame and impose upon the State, and dashing aside the honest men of their own party who refuse to obey the crack of the caucus whip and who would fain preserve some semblance, at least, of constitutional government.

It will be remembered that Texas was duly reconstructed according to the ideas of the Republican majority in Congress, some eighteen months ago. The election under the reconstruction act began Nov. 30th, 1869, and continued four days, so as to give an opportunity for the colored voters to be hurried from place to place, and make up for lost time in the previous years, by voting often. At this election, State officers, members of the Legislature, and Congressmen were chosen, and a new Constitution adopted. About the 1st of April, in the following year, the Senators and Representatives from Texas were duly admitted to seats in Congress, and the State was once more restored to its proper relations with the general government. The November election, however, betrayed the disagreeable fact that Texas was strongly Conservative. Even under the partisan provisions of the reconstruction act, the radical Governor, Davis, was elected by a majority of only 783, and the Legislature was radical by a majority of only 4 in the Senate and 10 in the House. This majority, small as it was, answered all practical purposes, and it was resolved by the radical leaders to carry matters with a high hand, it mattered not what the Constitution provided, or what a vast majority of the people desired. And what did they do? Knowing that if an election was held for members of the 42nd, or present Congress, a Conservative delegation would be elected, the Legislature refused to provide for an election, and, in consequence of this refusal, Texas *is unrepresented in the popular branch of the present Congress.* This is a most flagrant outrage upon the rights of the people. But a worse thing is to come. Listen:

Under the new Constitution, the term of the present Legislature expires on the 3rd of December next, and it is requisite that an election be held sometime this summer or fall for members of a new Legislature. But the radical leaders know that if an election be held, the next Legislature will be overwhelmingly Conservative. The very iden of such a thing is fraught with terror to these leaders, for they know that a Conservative Legislature would at once investigate the frauds which have been perpetrated upon the Treasury, and bring to condign punishment many a rascal who now, under the ægis of radical rule, revels in plunder and security. What do they do to avert this terrible calamity? What is their plan and purpose? *They refuse to provide for an election* for members of the Legislature, just as they refused last year to provide for an election of Congressmen! They pay no more attention to the Constitution than as if such a thing did not exist. They pass a joint resolution continuing the present Legislature for two years longer; and, because the Republican Speaker, Mr. Evans, refuses to be a party to this infamous proceeding—because he declares for the Constitution in preference to party—they degrade him from the Speakership by a strict party vote, and install in his place, one Sinclair, a creature of their own. This is Republican government with a vengeance. It is a striking commentary upon the *animus* and aims of the desperate men who are destroying representative government and civil liberty in this country. Are the people too blind to see? Are they too reckless to care? Have they become so accustomed to kiss the hand that smites, as to be willing to descend to a more degrading depth, and kiss the foot that tramples on them? Mr. Evans, the deposed speaker, delivered a telling speech upon his removal, in which he hurled the scorn of an honest man upon the heads of his adversaries. He said to them:

> You deem this the hour of your triumph. It is the hour of your shame, and an open confession to the people of Texas that submission to Republican caucus is inconsistent with an oath to support the constitution. Let not the Republican party of Texas suffer for the folly and madness of the irresponsible men in this House, who are its representatives only in name. * * * * I know I invited this reversal when I espoused the cause of the people and the constitution. On the one hand was the decision of party caucus; on the other was the constitution I had sworn to uphold, and between them was the Speaker's chair. I could not hesitate as to my course; my fate is that of men of all ages who have dared to do right—temporary defeat succeeded by lasting honor. In this matter my adversaries have erected to themselves the monument of shame which shall rise higher and higher with increasing years, and the finger of scorn shall be pointed at them wheresoever they go.

HARPERS MAGAZINE.—The June number of this excellent publication has been duly received, and maintains fully the well earned reputation of being one among the best magazines of this or any other country.

Sorry the May number has not been received as it breaks our file.

The visit of the Russian prince Alexis, has been postponed until next fall.

The Mass Meeting.

The Mass Meeting on Tuesday was a decided success. The day was fair and warm, and there was a large concourse of citizens assembled from all parts of the county. The good feeling which prevailed was especially noticeable, and we looked in vain for some symptom of that bitterness which our enemies persist in declaring exists between individuals of opposite political views in our midst. His Honor, Judge Cloud, courteously adjourned Court from 12 to 3 o'clock, in order to give the speakers a chance, and although Gen. Leach, who spoke last, had the unparalelled impudence to keep on speaking for at least ten minutes after the bell had rung and the Judge had entered, the latter took it all good naturedly—rather tickled than otherwise at the "matchless intrepidity of face" of our worthy Representative—and quietly took a back seat until the General had finished his sledge-hammer remarks.

It was our ill fortune not to reach the Court-House until after the speaking had commenced, and, after elbowing our way through the crowd, we finally secured a position on a step where we could hang on to a railing, and stand on one foot for an hour and a half, and thus comfortably listen to the speakers. We were not, however, particularly obliged to the gentleman immediately in our rear, whose pantaloon's pockets were evidently filled with cockle-burs, and who jobbed against us at intervals of from three to five minutes.

Major W. M. Robbins, the energetic Senator from Rowan, had the floor when we entered, and we found him in the midst of a forcible argument in favor of Convention. He plainly demonstrated the constitutionality of the act passed by the General Assembly, defended the inalienable right of the people to control, under all circumstances, their fundamental law, and explained the necessity which existed for a Convention at this special juncture in our political and financial affairs. He showed that the expense of a Convention would be as nothing compared to the immense benefits which would result from it—the vast saving it would accomplish in the way of abolishing useless offices, cutting down salaries, regulating the public debt and thus reducing yearly taxation, not by thousands, but by millions, and establishing a system of economy such as prevailed under the old Constitution. The speech of the Major teemed with facts and figures that told with marked effect upon the audience, and upon one point he laid particular stress. It was this. The present Constitution makes it obligatory upon the Legislature to levy taxes to pay the interest on the public debt, and members of the Legislature have taken a solemn oath to obey the Constitution. Now, if these taxes are levied, the people of North Carolina will be irretrievably ruined. In a few years, lands, homesteads, everything, will be swept into the possession of capitalists, and the son will be as a stranger in the house and fields of his father. The Convention, to remove these obligatory provisions from the Constitution so far as the past is concerned, is the only thing to remedy the difficulty. If the people vote for and carry the Convention, all will be well; but if they vote against it, then the taxes must, perforce, be levied next winter, by the Legislature, as the Constitution requires. It will be an ugly dilemma, and Major Robbins would be grateful to anybody who will tell him how he can escape his Constitutional obligation—how the people can escape the disastrous consequences which the keeping of that solemn oath on his part—and he *must* keep it—will entail upon them all, if they defeat the Convention. That is the question.

Major Robbins took his seat amidst applause, and our old friend, Hon. A. M. Scales, was called to the floor. It is impossible for us to report the speech of this gentleman. It was not a mere speech—it was an oration, and one that was worthy of the orator. He began by alluding to the past, defending his action therein, and protesting that through all the years he had hugged to his heart of hearts an allegiance to the Constitution handed down to us by Washington and his compatriots, that was as unalterable as it was inalienable and lasting. The speaker needed not to defend himself before an honest North Carolina audience, as that was, for, as he proceeded in language of beautiful pathos and nervous indignation, we glanced around and could see that he had pierced the hidden springs of manly sympathy in many a breast which had been a bulwark in its time, when the Virginia skies looked down on stormy scenes and voiceless sufferings. Gen. Scales then launched forth into a description of the present condition of the State, and ably demonstrated the necessity now existing for our people to forget all past partisan differences, and come together like true and patriotic men in the effort to lift North Carolina from the dust of her desolation, and throw around her queenly form once again the robes of her old-time majesty.

Gen. Scales was frequently interrupted by applause, and when he took his seat amidst another round, Hon. James M. Leach took the floor. We can no more follow the remarks of our able Represen-

tative than we could those of Gen. Scales. He made a speech such as no other man in all creation could have made except himself. Notwithstanding the fact that the previous speakers had gone over the entire field, Gen. Leach found plenty to talk about which they had forgotten.—His remarks were full of happy hits and pointed allusions that made the office-holders wince. They twisted about as uneasily as if sitting on hot coals, and, remembering the astounding and overwhelming defeat they experienced at his hands last summer, they evidently felt that the game was up for them in this District, now that the popular champion had buckled on his armor for Convention. We are sorry for them, but between the office-holders and the General, the race will be an unequal one, for he will bring up four thousand ahead of them all the time.

We regret that we were unable to take notes of the several speeches, but we have done the best we could under the circumstances. It is morally certain that if this district is well canvassed, it will give a good account of itself next August.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

LOCAL ITEMS.

New Advertisements.—J. Blickenderfer—Notion Store.
L. N. Clinard—Important Notice.
New Books at the Book Store.
Sunday School Notice.

"The Way the Old Thing Works."—A colored man from Kernersville was lodged in our jail a few days ago for larceny. He took no pains whatever to excuse his theft, and when told he would very likely find himself in the Penitentiary before long, replied, in effect, that he would just as lief go to the Penitentiary as not, for there he would be taken care of and taught a good trade. So what's the odds, so long as he is happy.

The Penitentiary is no doubt an excellent thing in its way, but we do not think it is at all in its way to be made a refuge and trade school for petty offenders. Neither do we like this imported fashion of jailing them, and keeping them for six, eight or twelve months at the expense of the county. We prefer the old-fashioned whipping-post, for it possesses more terrors for the knave than a dozen jails. Virginia has gone back to the old system, and it works admirably. We agree with a cotemporary who thinks it would be much less expensive to the tax-payers, and more merciful to rogues to give the latter a few lashes, and then let them loose to support their families, than to keep them in prison month after month, while their wives and children are suffering, and often induced to steal to get food. The man who pretends to be too humane to favor the whipping-post is very apt to be found destitute of sympathy or humanity for starving negro women and children.

Wise Saws for our Merchants.—We don't recommend advertising as the best way to get a wife; but we know it is the best way to secure a good run of custom.

You can't eat enough in a week to last you a whole year, and you can't advertise on that plan either.

If you can arouse curiosity by an advertisement, it is a great point gained. The fair sex have been basely slandered—they don't hold all the curiosity in the world.

Don't be afraid to invest in printer's ink, unless your sands of life be nearly run out, and even then there is no danger.

Severe Hail Storm.—Another severe hail-storm passed over this vicinity on Tuesday afternoon last about four o'clock. It seemed to come from the west or south-west, and apparently spent most of its fury about Winston, and a mile or so above. The hail stones were not particularly large, none larger than a boy's common marble, but they fell thickly and rapidly, for an unusually long time, accompanied and followed by a copious shower of rain. We were in the Court-House at the time, and the noise of the hail put an effectual stop to the proceedings of the Court as long as the storm lasted. Much damage was done to wheat and gardens. The rain fall must have been very heavy, as the branch, facetiously termed "Tar River," which runs through the western portion of Salem, overflowed, deluged the streets, tore away garden fences, and in some instances, the water covered the gardens to knee-depth.

Jail Delivery.—One night last week, five prisoners—one white and four colored men—confined in the jail at Danbury, effected their escape by cutting through the wall. The instrument with which this feat was performed was a pocket-knife! We believe they were all larceny cases, or offences of that grade.

Captured.—The Virginia papers inform us that a man giving his name as Carter, and hailing from Rockingham county, N. C., was arrested at Big Lick, Va., a few days ago, having in his possession a horse and buggy, $60 dollars in money, and the wife of a citizen of Rockingham, all of which and "whom" he stole and ran off with. Carter was committed to jail in Salem, Va., to await a requisition from Gov. Caldwell.

Millie Borum, a colored girl, was arrested in Surry, and brought to Winston jail on Sunday evening last, on the charge of being accessory to some petty stealing scrape in this county over a year ago.

Forsyth Superior Court.—Our Court commenced on Monday last, His Honor Judge Cloud, presiding. The bar was well represented, and we noticed among the gentlemen present from neighboring counties, during the week, Gen's. Leach, Scales and Scott, Messrs. Jas. T. Morehead, J. M. McCorkle, Wm. M. Robbins, John A Gilmer, Jos. T. Morehead, C. P. Mendenhall, M. H. Pinnix, W. W. King, and others. The bar of our own county was nearly all present, including Hon. J. F. Poindexter, who looked as fresh and sprightly as if he had been dipped in that wonderful rejuvenating fountain that Ponce de Leon sought for in the wilds of Florida and couldn't find.

The docket was pretty large, there being over 100 cases on the State, and some 140 on the civil docket. Quite a number of these cases, however, were continued or compromised, which materially lightened the labors of the term.

The Grand Jury were impanneled with Jno. M. Stafford, Esq., as foreman. Judge Cloud charged them at length in a clear and forcible manner. Besides this, little was done on Monday except overhauling the docket.

On Monday and Wednesday a number of trivial cases were disposed of. To-day is set for the trial of Martha Matthews for infanticide. The civil docket, probably, will not be taken up until next week.

The Salem Brass Band.—On Saturday night last, the members of our Band donned their new uniform for the first time, and appropriately celebrated the event by paying us the compliment of a serenade. We would have returned our acknowledgments at the time, but we had retired, "worn and weary" and so we thought it best to let

"Expressive silence muse their praise."

The Salem Brass Band is one of our cherished "institutions," and possesses a celebrity which is not confined to our State only. It is striving to reach perfection, and if perfection ever can be reached in this world, it will attain it. The new uniform, with which the members are justly pleased, consists of navy blue cloth pants, with orange cord down the side seams; grey jacket trimmed with black, and blue cloth navy cap with gold wreath in front inclosing the initials of the band in gold. It is altogether a suitable uniform, and the Band, which now has its full complement of members, presents a strikingly handsome appearance. It is our hope that it will continue to flourish year after year, until its old age shall be be as ripe and mellow as its music.

The cloth for the uniform was manufactured at this place, by F. & H. Fries.

Salem Debating Society.—The young men composing this Society are making an effort to rouse it from its Rip Van Winkle slumber, and we hope it will prove successful, for few things can be made, if properly managed, productive of so much good to the young minds of the community. The fact is obvious, and it is almost useless to discuss it. There is plenty of the right sort of material in Salem to sustain a first class debating society, and if the young men will take hold of the matter in earnest—to use a trite expression, "put their shoulders to the wheel," they can have one here that will reflect credit upon themselves and upon the town. Nothing promises a firmer basis upon which to rear a life of usefulness than a good education, and among the means for obtaining that education, the Debating Society is not to be despised. It is a marked feature in nearly every collegiate institution in the land, and is fostered by faculties as one of their chief auxiliaries in developing mental aptitude and facility of expression. All cannot secure a thorough education, it is true, but every young man may practice speaking—may learn to express his thoughts and opinions clearly and forcibly. Education, after all, consists more in the ability to tell what we know, than in the quantity of learned lumber that may be stored away in the mind. How often does mediocrity, accompanied by the power of expression, secure position and applause, where real merit, without it, is unnoticed? In this country especially, where the common welfare depends so much upon unrestrained discussion, every one should be able to express his thoughts forcibly and fluently in public. Labor expended for the attainment of this object will never be regretted, for besides the benefits already mentioned, the contact of mind with mind in these mental conflicts, imparts a discipline that will be of untold value in all the affairs of life.

We have thrown out these crude thoughts in the hope that we may beget an energetic interest upon the subject, and heartily trust that our good intentions will bear proper fruit, not only here in Salem, but in other communities throughout the district.

Pic-Nic.—The young people of Mocksville and vicinity, propose to have a grand pic-nic at Crystal Spring on the 23d inst., to be followed by a masquerade ball at night. Music and good things in abundance.

Fine Strawberries.—We are indebted to our friend, N. W. Craft, of the Yadkin Valley Nursery, for a basket of as fine strawberries as we have laid eyes upon this season. They were of seven or eight choice varieties, and some were at least three inches in circumference.

Real Estate Sales.—On Tuesday last the house and lot known as Hall's Corner, in Winston, opposite the Court House, was sold to Mr. J. W. Ogburn, for $1,025, about one-third less than it brought a year or more ago.

The Whipping-post lot in Winston was sold for $125.50, Mr. J. S. White being the purchaser.

We regret to learn that Mr. Sam'l G. Hall, a well-known printer from Wilmington, but formerly of this place, met with an accident some days ago, which will probably confine him to his bed for several weeks. In attempting to jump from a train at Union depot, he slipped and fell, dislocating his ankle. He was at once conveyed to his home, and received prompt surgical attention.

Dene Hollow.—This is the name of a new Story, by Mrs. Henry Wood, the celebrated author of "East Lynne," just begun in the Philadelphia *Saturday Evening Post*. It is a story marked by the usual characteristics of Mrs. Wood—combining great interest and power with the teaching of a moral lesson. The *Post* also contains numerous other stories, great care being taken not to admit anything into its columns which would be unsuitable for family reading. The *Post*, though now approaching its fiftieth birthday, still manifests all the vigor and sprightliness of youth. Price $3.50 a year. Single numbers for sale by newsdealers. Price six cents. If the newsdealers should not have it, inclose the money to the publishers, H. Peterson & Co., 319 Walnut street, Philadelphia, who will send the numbers by mail. By inclosing one dollar, all the numbers containing Mrs. Wood's story will be forwarded as soon as issued.

Scribner's Monthly for June continues the highly interesting article on the Wonders of the Yellowstone; and its pages are full of interest to the public. Scribner can't be beat. It is among our most valuable exchanges. See "Splendid Offers" on our first page.

Godey is as readable as ever, and cannot be surpassed in literary and typographical excellence. Its steel engravings alone, are almost worth the subscription price.

STATE ITEMS.

The Statesville *American* says that at Gaston Court last week Judge Logan served notice on David Schenck, Esq., Attorney at Law, forbidding him to appear at the bar in cases in which he had been retained as counsel, on account of Schenck's late letter to Senator Blair (published by us week before last) exposing the rascality of Logan in the Rutherford Ku-Klux cases, and his pretended fear to appear and hold court in Cleaveland. It so happens, that the late Legislature made a law to meet this very case and others similar, forbidding any Judge to exclude an attorney from his court, under pains and penalties, and making him liable to impeachment and removal from office.

On the night of the 9th inst., Henry Lowery, the Robeson county outlaw, a[illegible] nied by several of his gang, went to [illegible] ton, in Robeson county, broke ou[illegible] released several of his follow[illegible] tired without molestation[illegible] there was a company of U[illegible] quartered in the town.

We learn from the G[illegible] Sheriff Rhodes, of Wayn[illegible] strained by Judge Clark [illegible] State taxes for 1870. Th[illegible] clearly illegal and unjust and [illegible] cided by the Supreme Court, and [illegible] that the amount paid in should be p[illegible] the Sheriff's credit on the tax fo[illegible] This the Treasurer would not allow. [illegible]ence the injunction.

A difficulty occurred a few days ago at Rockingham, Richmond county, between a white man named John Morrison and a negro named McGehee, in which the latter was fatally stabbed in the abdomen. Morrison then fled, and Gov. Caldwell has offered a reward of $200 for his capture. The quarrel was about a lot of turpentine, in which both were interested.

Jesse Sumner, the late radical Sheriff of Buncombe, who has not yet settled his accounts with the State Treasurer, has fled to parts unknown, to the great disgust of his sureties and creditors. He left a wife and several children behind him to look out for themselves, and carried off several thousand dollars and a paramour. And yet this man was one of the great radical lights of Buncombe county.

Francis Howell, colored, and her daughter Jane, have been arrested in Rutherford, charged with murdering the infant child of the latter, by nearly severing its head from the body, and throwing the remains down a well. The crime of infanticide seems to be fearfully on the increase.

The railroad between Statesville and Charlotte is nearly completed. There is only a gap of ten miles, upon which the iron is being laid at the rate of half a mile a day. The trains, it is asserted, will be running through by the middle of July.

Robert Kelly, colored, has been committed to jail in Fayetteville for the murder of his old master, Mr. John McPhail, nearly twenty years ago. The facts are now leaking out regarding the crime.

The Goldsboro *Messenger* learns from good authority that L. J. Moore, Esq., the Republican Senator from Craven county, has declared himself in favor of calling a State Convention. It is also stated that Gen. Thos. L. Clingman is an open advocate for Convention.

The Wilmington *Journal* learns that Geo. L. French, who has figured extensively in the politics of New Hanover and is at present a Representative from that county, intends to resign his seat as such and get rid of politics altogether. The *Journal* doubts his sincerity, and believes he has a hankering for a seat in the Convention.

The *Telegram* learns that a new Republican organ, to be called the *Carolina Era*, will be started in Raleigh in a week or so. The type and fixtures have been ordered. Mark Erwin, of Buncombe, goes to Raleigh to edit it. Go it Mark.

C. L. S. Corpening, Esq., of McDowell county, one of the leading Republicans of that section, announces himself in favor of the Convention. All the good men of that party are coming to the rescue.

Halifax county delighteth in a calf that was born without eye-balls. In all other respects the animal is well-formed. It is now about a month old.

The peach and apple crops of Haywood and Jackson counties have been nearly destroyed by the severe frost which recently visited that section.

A Society for the prevention of cruelty to animals was formed in Newbern on the 8th inst., and officers elected.

Quite a hail-storm prevailed in the western portion of Wake county, on Monday night ast.

A colored man and woman were drowned in South Fork river, Gaston county, on the 12th inst., by the upsetting of their canoe.

GENERAL NEWS.

It is no longer required to pay United States license on the following lines of business. The law imposing license tax expired on the 1st inst. Apothecaries, architects, assayers, auctioneers, boats, barges, &c., bowling alleys, billiard tables, all kinds of brokers, including stock dealers, builders and contractors, butchers, claim agents, circuses, confectioners, conveyancers, retail dealers, wholesale dealers whose annual sales are not over $50,000, dentists, eating houses, exhibitions not otherwise provided for, express carriers and agents, gift enterprises, grinders of coffee and spices, horse dealers, hotels, insurance agents, intelligence office-keepers, jugglers, lawyers, livery stable-keepers, lottery ticket dealers, manufacturers, miners, patent agents, peddlers, photographers, plumbers and gas-fitters, physicians and surgeons, real estate agents, theatres, museums, concert halls, stallions and jacks.

An appalling tragedy was recently enacted at Choccoville, Ark., a few weeks ago. A Rev. Mr. DeCamp, of the Missionary Baptist Church was shot dead in his pulpit while about to open divine service, by a ruffian named Handley. As soon as the deed was committed, the assassin wheeled upon the affrighted congregation, revolvers in hand, and drove them from the church. He then quietly mounted his horse, and effected his escape.

The Grand Army of the Republic, which has been in session at Boston, has elected General Ambrose E. Brunside, as its Commander in Chief. This is a triumph for Gen. Logan, and a defeat for the President who was endeavoring to secure control of the order, and convert it into a political instrument.

A terrible and singular accident occurred recently at the colonial town of Victoria, in South Africa. A water-spout burst six miles above this village, and the water rushing down through a ravine in which the town was built, washed half the houses away, and drowned over one hundred persons.

Later news from Buenos Ayres, South America, state that business is entirely suspended, and the city almost deserted. The Custom House and banks are closed. The yellow fever still continues its ravages, and will cease only for the want of fresh victims.

The Southern Baptist Convention assembled in St. Louis on the 12th inst., several hundred delegates being present. T. A. Mill, of Georgia, was re-elected President, and Mr. Williams, of the Theological Seminary, Greenville, S. C., delivered the opening sermon.

Attorney General Akerman decides that the Commissioner of Internal Revenue made a mistake in exempting dividends from tax for the five months ending 1870. This decision will impose a tax of many thousands upon banks, railroads, and other corporations for the time named.

A dispatch from Buffalo, N. Y., dated 12th inst., says that an emigrant train bound West collided with a freight train. Fourteen grown persons and five children killed; sixteen persons wounded.

It is estimated that the Bonnet Carre crevasse on the Mississippi river will cause an actual loss of 5,000 hogsheads of sugar and 250,000 gallons of molasses.

Clouds of grasshoppers have destroyed the crops in portions of California. They devoured everything in their path like the locusts of Egypt.

The lower House of the Massachusetts Legislature has defeated female suffrage by a tie vote, 63 to 68.

A fire broke out in the town of Fugundus, [illegible]nna., on the 7th inst., and in less than two [illegible]rs the entire town, comprising some fifty [illegible]s, was in ashes.

[illegible]er riot took place among the miners [illegible]Scranton, Penna., on the 9th inst., in [illegible]ch one man was shot fatally, and six seri[illegible]ly wounded.

Petersburg, Va., had a slight snow-fall on Saturday week.

AFFAIRS IN EUROPE.

May 11.—Fort Vanvres was captured by the Versaillists, but subsequently recaptured by the insurgents. It is much dilapidated. Gen. Rossel has resigned command of the revolutionary forces, and Delescluze has succeeded him. Rossel was subsequently arrested and imprisoned. Arrests are still frequent, and fighting is still going on at various points around the city.

May 12.—There has been a desperate battle around Fort Issy, and the revolutionists claim to have recaptured the park of Issy. The Versaillists are cutting trenches in front of the Maillot gate, and concentrating troops in the Bois de Boulogne. The Versailles batteries maintain a terrific fire upon the ramparts of Paris and the forts that are still held by the insurgents. The Versaillists to-day carried the convent of Issy at the point of the bayonet, capturing three cannon and many prisoners. The revolutionary leaders have ordered all religious emblems to be removed from the schools in Paris. A vast Bonapartist organization is said to exist throughout France.

May 13.—A naval combat has taken place on the Seine, in which one insurgent gun-boat was sunk. A permanent court-martial has been established in Paris, and officers who meet with defeat are to be brought before it. Fighting is reported at St. Ouen, which shows that the line of attack is extending. The German commander has demanded of the revolutionists the disarmament of the northern defences of Paris. The Bourbon pretender, Count de Chambord, has published a manifesto, making a strong bid for the throne of France.

May 14.—Gen. Dombrowski has ordered all officers to be shot who refuse to obey the commands of their superiors. There is much disaffection in the city, and the National Guards talk of opening the gates to the Versaillists. The latter are steadily approaching the walls, and their entry into Paris cannot be much longer delayed.

May 15.—The bombardment continues, and the destruction is frightful. The evidence is indubitable of a wide spread conspiracy in Paris against the Commune, or revolutionary government. All is uncertainty and terror. Several breaches have been made in the walls of Paris. The western and south-western portions of the city are uninhabitable. The column of Napoleon has not yet been destroyed, owing to the fear that its fall will break the sewers, and ruin the foundations of buildings.

May 16.—The breach near the gate of Auteuil is wide enough to admit ten men abreast, and it is determined to make the assault to-night. 28,000 shot and shells have been hurled into Paris during the past 24 hours. An order has been issued from the Prussian war office recalling the royal guards from France, but the Germans are concentrating on the north and north-east of Paris.

The Greensboro' *Patriot* has been informed by a deputy U. S. Marshal that over $35,000 in counterfeit money has been sent into this State within the last twelve months, some of which is so well executed that it would require experts to detect it.

The Revenue Officers, accompanied by some 40 U. S. soldiers, attended the Scotch Fair, in Richmond county, last week, and pounced upon a quantity of whiskey which was for sale, unstamped, and confiscated whiskey, wagons and teams.

Meeting of the Forsyth County Sunday School Union.

There will be a meeting of the Forsyth County Sunday School Union, on Saturday May 27th, at the Church in Salem at 1 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of electing officers for the ensueing year.

J. T. LINEBACK, Sec'y.

Salem, May 16th, 1871.

MARRIED.

In Surry county, on the 11th inst., by Rev. W. D. Peeler, Mr. Nathanial Bolejack, of Stokes, to Miss Victoria Bunker, of Surry.

DIED.

On the morning of the 16th inst., at the residence of her parents, Mrs. Lou. Williams, consort of Mr. Joseph Williams, and daughter of Tyre Glen, Esq., of Yadkin county.

Do not weep kind friends, for she has gone
To dwell among the blest;
Heaven is her eternal home,
In Jesus she's at rest.

In Waughtown, on the 11th inst., Mr. Edmund Tucker, aged 60 years, 4 months and 18 days.

In Thomasville, on the 17th inst., John W. Thomas, Esq., a prominent citizen, having filled various public offices, aged 71 years.

Suddenly, in Surry county, on the night of the 8th inst., Miss Dicey Bunagan, aged 85 years.

In this county near Bethania, on the 8th inst., Mary Jane Mahala, daughter of J. H. and L. C. Kreeger, aged 16 years and 7 months.

THE MARKETS.

Salem, N. C., May 19, 1871.

Provisions.		Chop	
Bacon	15 @ 16	Bran	1
Lard	17@18	*Grain.*	
Pork	9@00	Wheat	1 10@1 20
Beef	5@10	Corn, (new)	80 @ 85
Veal	5@ 8	" (old)	00@0 00
Mutton	6@ 8	Rye	80@ 85
Butter	20@25	Oats	50@ 00
Flour	3 @3½	Peas	85@ 90
Eggs	10	Meal	2½ @3
Beeswax	25 @ 28		

DANVILLE TOBACCO MARKET.

Danville, May 17.

The market has been well supplied for the past week. Prices for good and fine have been well sustained, while inferior and common grades have declined. The proportion of good and fine has not increased with the receipts.

Lugs—Common, Red	$2 50	to	$3 50
" Good working	4 00	to	6 00
" Good, "	6 00	to	8 00
" Fine, "	12 00	to	18 00
Extra lots higher.			
Leaf—Common Red	5 00	to	7 00
" Good	6 00	to	8 00
" Good, rich, waxy	8 00	to	12 00
" Common Bright	10 00	to	15 00
" Good, "	15 00	to	25 00
" Fine, "	40 00	to	60 00
" Extra fine lots	50 00	to	70 00

New York, May 16.—Cotton, 13½ a 00; Flour, 6 60 a 7 10; Corn, 79 a 80; Gold, 111½; Wheat, 1 58 a 1 62; Bonds, N. C. old, 47½, new 25.

Baltimore, May 16.—Cotton 15½ a 15¾; Flour 5 65 a 7 25; Wheat, $1 30 a $1 45; Corn, white, 00 a 77, yellow, 75 a 76; Oats, 58 a 00; Bacon, 10 a 17; Whisky, 92½ a 00; Lard 12½.

Richmond, May 16.—Wheat, $1 60 a $1 70; Corn 80 a 00. Oats 59.

Norfolk, May 2.—Bacon, sides, 11 a 13; Corn 76 a 00. Flour $6½ a $8.

Charlotte, May 15.—Bacon 10 a 12½; Flour, 3 35 a 3 50; Wheat none offering. Corn, 80 a 85; Oats, 50 a 00; Whisky, $0 00 a 0 00. Butter, 20.

Fayetteville, May 11—Bacon 13 a 17; Flour, $6 00 a $7 75; Corn $1 10; Oats, 75; Rye $1 10; Wheat, $1 50; Lard, 17½; Whisky, $1 75; Brandy, $1 75.

Petersburg, May 16.—Flour $6 25 a $6 50; Wheat, red, $1 60 a $1 70, white $1 70 a $1 90; Corn, 88 a 90; Bacon, hog rouud 15; Whisky, $1 15; Brandy $1 75 a $1 95.

Notion Store!

J. BLICKENDERFER,
At the Old Drug Store on the South Side Public Square,
SALEM, N. C.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Salem, Winston and surrounding country, that he has opened at the above place a

Notion and Variety Store,

which he has stocked with a fine assortment of Goods of the latest and most approved styles, embracing HOSIERY, GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS, FANS, TRIMMINGS AND EDGINGS, RIBBONS, SOAPS, POCKET-BOOKS, SILK BUTTONS, PARASOLS, NECK-TIES, SEWING SILKS, SHIRTS, UNDERSHIRTS, DRAWERS, STATIONERY, SEGARS AND PIPES, JET JEWELRY, ZEPHYR AND GERMANTOWN WOOL, in fact, everything that can be found in a first class Notion establishment.

I am agent for the celebrated **Keystone Counterpanes**, Wool, Half Wool, and Cotton, of all colors, for Beds, Cribs and Cradles; those wishing to purchase are solicited to call and inspect my assortment just received from the Factory.

J. BLICKENDERFER.
Salem, N. C., May 19, 1871.-20-tf.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

THE Mayor of the town of Salem will receive sealed proposals until Monday evening, May 22nd, 1871, for the following, viz:

For keeping up the Streets of the town for one year, in as good condition as they are at present. The bidder for the Street Contract can get all necessary information as regards what will be required, by calling on the Mayor, or either of the Commissioners.

The other proposals are for Secretary and Treasurer, Tax Collector, Police and Night Watch.

Bids for the three last will be received separately; or bids will be received for Secretary and Treasurer, and Tax Collector combined, or for Police, Night Watch and Tax Collector.

The office of Tax Collector, of Secretary and Treasurer, and Street Contractor, require bonds with security,—and bidders for these offices must name, in their bids, whom they will give as sureties.

L. N. CLINARD, Sec'y and Treas.
May 19, 1871-20-1t.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE BOOK STORE,

Mental Photograph Albums,
Waverly and other Novels, (cheap.)
Dickens and other Novels, (cheap,)
Pocket-Maps, N. C.
Hayden's Dictionary of Dates.
Pictures of Christ.
Steel Engraving of Holy Family.
World Essays.
Songs before Sunrise.
A Woman's Poems.
Verses, by, H. H.
May 19, 1871.

New Goods Every Week.

NEWEST STYLES DRESS GOODS always on hand
At J. L. FULKERSON'S.

Goods of all Kinds

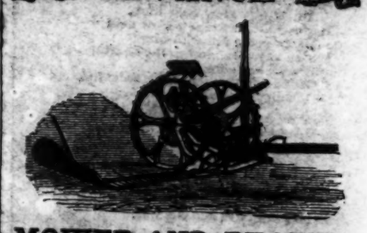
CONSTANTLY ON HAND or will be ordered at short notice by
R. A. WOMMACK *Agent.*

Additional Attractions

EVERY WEEK!

NEW AND ATTRACTIVE STYLES in everything to be found at PATTERSON & CO'S.

ADVANCE



MOWER AND REAPER.

THE Strongest, Lightest Draft, most Compact and Perfect Machine ever offered to the public.

This Machine has an *iron frame*, all in one piece, which cannot become rickety, like the *wood frame* Machines. The finger bar is not attached to the frame, but is hinged direct to the tongue. There is no side draft. The Gear, or Cogwheels are all in the centre of frame under the driver's seat, enclosed in an iron case, so as to exclude all grit and obviate the danger of the driver's lines becoming entangled in the wheels.

All that is asked of persons desiring a good MOWER and REAPER, is that they lay aside all prejudice, and carefully examine, and thoroughly test THE ADVANCE MOWER AND REAPER, before purchasing elsewhere.

Mowers $115. Mower and Reaper combined $155. For Circulars and full particulars, call on or address

C. A. HEGE, Agent,
Friedburg, Forsyth Co., N. C.

Also Agent for the ITHACA WHEEL RAKE. Price $40. April 28, 1871-17-3m.

Threshing Machines,

MOWING and REAPING MACHINES.

I have secured the Agency for the sale of the best and most improved Threshing Machines not heretofore brought into this part of the country, called

"THE SWEEPSTAKES,"

The Farmer's long and well-tried Friend.

It is a thresher and cleaner combined, now extensively used throughout the Western States, furnished *geared or belted*,—is mounted on wheels,—needs no loading and unloading,—claims to clean thoroughly, loses no grain, and injures none.

I can also furnish the POWERS mounted on wheels, thus saving all heavy lifting. Intended for 4 or 6 horses, Lever Power.

Persons wishing a new Machine should by all means examine into the merits of the Sweepstakes.

ALSO

The Improved Buck-Eye Mower AND BUCK-EYE MOWER and REAPER

With Dropper or Self-Rake Attachment.

This Machine has been much improved and the price reduced. It now has a *Self-Rake* attachment, with side delivery. The Buck-Eye was tried last Fall at a number of State Fairs in the West with from 14 to 20 other Machines, and took the highest premiums. Will cut over one acre of grain or grass per hour.

Over 100,000 of the Buck-Eye now in use in the United States.

I can sell them now at less price than heretofore, and for less than others are now offered at.

E. A. VOGLER.
Salem, N. C., May 12, 1871.-19-tf.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS AND MEDICINES,

AT

Shaffner's Drug Store,

Main Street, Salem, N. C.

Constantly on hand a full assortment of CHEMICALS, DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS, OILS, DYE-STUFFS, SPICES, TEAS, SEEDS, GLASSES, STATIONERY, FANCY ARTICLES,
and everything else usually kept in a

First Class Drug Store.

PHYSICIANS will be supplied with reliable Medicines, promptly and at reasonable figures.

The undersigned is the only authorized agent for the sale in this market, of the justly celebrated

Liberty White Lead,

the best and most economical in use.

Call, examine goods, and ascertain prices.

J. F. SHAFFNER.
May 5, 1871.-18-tf.

The United States Specie Stationery Package,

CONTAINING

5 sheets Note Paper,	5 Envelopes,
1 Lead Pencil,	1 Penholder,
1 Oroide Gold Pen,	1 new Dime Book.

Every package is guaranteed to contain either 5, 10, 25, or 50 cents in nickel or silver.

For sale at BLUM'S BOOK-STORE,
May 5, 1871. Salem, N. C.

ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE,

POST OFFICE BUILDING.

THOSE who wish to supply themselves with fresh and reliable

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

an always find them at the above establishment, at reasonable prices.

FANCY ARTICLES,
PERFUMERY, SOAPS,
NOTIONS
PATENT MEDICINES,

in fact everything in his line always on hand.

A. T. ZEVELY
Jan. 14, 1870

WM. P. GRAVES, THOS. R. McDEARMON, WM. T. LAW

Graves' Warehouse,

DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.,

FOR THE SALE OF

LEAF TOBACCO,

SALES ROOM 166 by 70 feet, with 19 skylights. Prompt attention to the interest and comfort of Planters and their teams.

March 3, 1871.—9-1.

POETRY.

FATHER'S GROWING OLD.

Our father's growing old John!
His eyes are growing dim,
And years are on his shoulders laid,
A heavy weight for him,
But you and I are young and hale
And each a stalwart man,
And we must make his load of life
As easy as we can.

He used to take the brunt, John!
At cradle and at plow,
And earned our porridge by the sweat
That trickled down his brow;
Yet never heard we him complain,
What'er his toil might be,
Nor wanted e'er a welcome seat
Upon his solid knee.

And when our boy-strength came, John!
And sturdy grew each limb,
He brought us to the yellow field
To share the toil with him;
But he went foremost in the swarth,
Tossing aside the grain,
Just like the plow that heaves the sod,
Or ship that sheers the main.

Now we must lead the van, John!
Through weather foul and fair,
And let the old man read and doze,
And tilt his easy chair;
And he'll not mind it, John, you know,
At eve to tell us o'er
Those brave old days of British times,
Our grandsires and the war.

I heard you speak of ma'am John!
'Tis gospel what you say,
That caring of the like of us
Has turned her head so gray!
Yet, John, I do remember well
When neighbors called her vain,
And when her hair was long and like
A gleaming sheaf of grain,

Her lips were cherry red, John!
Her cheeks were round and fair,
And like a ripened peach they swelled
Against her wavey hair.
Her steps fell lightly as the leaf
From off the summer tree,
And all day busy at the wheel
She sang to you and me.

She had a buxom arm, John!
That wielded well the rod,
Whene'er, with wilful step our feet
The path forbidden trod;
But to the heaven of her eye
We never looked in vain,
And ever more our yielding cry
Brought down the tears like rain.

But that is long agone, John!
And we are what we are,
And little heed we day by day
Her fading cheek and hair,
And when beneath her faithful breast
The tides no longer stir,
'Tis then, John, we most shall feel
We had no friend like her.

Since there can be no harm, John!
Thus speaking softly o'er
The blessed names of those ere long
Shall welcome us no more,
Nay, hide it not, for why shouldst thou
An honest tear disown?
The heart one day will lighter be
Remembering it has flown.

Yes, father's growing old, John!
His eyes are getting dim,
And mother's treading softly down
The deep descent with him.
But you and I are young and hale,
And each a stalwart man,
And we must make their path as smooth
And level as we can!

Post Office Directory.

Office hours, Sunday, from 8½ to 9½ A. M and from 1 to 2, P. M.

Mail Arrangements.

HIGH POINT MAIL.

Arrives daily by 8½, A. M. Closes daily a 1½, P. M.

MOUNT AIRY MAIL.

Arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, by 1.30 P. M. Closes Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 9, A. M.

REIDSVILLE MAIL.

Arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday by 1½ P. M. Closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8½ A. M.

WALNUT COVE MAIL.

Arrives every Saturday, by 7 P. M. Closes every Friday, at 4 P. M.

GREENSBORO MAIL.

Arrives every Saturday, by 3 P. M. Close every Friday, at 6 A. M.

JONESVILLE MAIL.

Arrives every Friday, by 12 M. Closes every Friday, at 12½ P. M.

PANTHER CREEK MAIL.

Arrives every Saturday by 8 P. M. Close every Saturday at 6 A. M.

JERUSALEM MAIL.

Arrives every Saturday by 7 P. M. Close every Friday at 7½ A. M.

H. W. SHORE, P. M.

BRUSH AWAY!

WITH superior Hair, Cloth, Tooth, Nail, Hat, Paint, Whitewash and Horse Brushes.—Best in market.

NEW COMBS!

WHO would do without a new Comb, when a superior article of *Horn, Shell, Gutta Percha*,—plain and metal backs—*Fine-tooth* and *Pocket Combs*, can be had so cheap,

SAVE YOUR MONEY!

BY purchasing either *Pocket Wallets, Ladies' Purses* of steel, leather and velvet,—neat and durable.

"FAIRY CASKET,"

A beautiful article for Ladies Toilet use, with SOAP and PERFUMERY in great variety, and at all prices.

BRIGHT!
BRIGHTER!!
BRIGHTEST!!!

SAPOLIO for cleaning Silver, Brass, Tin, &c., superior to any article of the kind now in use.

☞ Be sure and call for any of the above articles at

ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE.

POST OFFICE BUILDING, Salem, N. C.

48-tf.

JUST RECEIVED,

ANOTHER supply of Drugs, Medicines, Dyestuffs, Perfumery, Fancy Articles &c., &c. at

ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE
Post Office Building.

VERMICELLI & MACCARONI

AT
ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE,
POSTOFFICE BUILDING
Feb. 20, 1868 26-

HABEAS CORPUS.

Hon. W. H. Battle's Report of the proceedings in the Habeas Corpus cases of the prisoners arrested by order of Gov. Holden, in July and August for sale at the BOOK STORE.

NEW BOOKS!

HEAVENWARD LED,
The Two Brothers, and other Poems, Bickersith.
Home Religion, MacKenzie.
The Lords Prayer, and other Miscellaneous Books,
AT THE BOOK STORE.

Patterson & Co's Column

SPRING & SUMMER CAMPAIGN.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

An increasing trade has induced us to purchase a LARGER STOCK OF GOODS than usual, and to add to it many new attractions.. We have adopted as our rule in business:

"QUICK SALES and SHORT PROFITS,"

Hoping, by a frequent turn of our money, to realize the same profit that slow merchants expect from selling one or two purchases a year. Trusting in this way to reward ourselves, we give the benefit of short profits to our customers.

We believe that our accumulated stock will prove ample for the wants of our trade. If mistaken, we shall order from the most reliable business houses in the northern cities, until the needs of all our customers are supplied.

The decline in many articles of merchandise warrants us in promising

LOW PRICES.

DRY GOODS:

Prints of every style and price, DeLaines, Challies, Lawns, Linen Lawns, Piques, Alpacas, Gros Grain and Japanese Silks and other late styles of Dress Goods. Swiss Muslins, in large supply, Nainsook, Mull Muslin, Brilliants, &c. A very full assortment of Brown and Bleached Muslins, Tickings, Drills, and Linen Goods.

For Gentlemen's Wear:—Elegant Black Doeskin, Fancy Cassimeres, Cottonades, Linen Duck, "Fries' Jeans," including a new and beautiful style of Tweeds now being manufactured. Also a well selected stock of READY MADE CLOTHING, both in Wool and Linen.

NOTIONS.

A larger stock than ever. Our line of Hosiery, Gloves, Veils, Trimmings, Laces, Edgings and Insertings, and Fancy Goods of all kinds cannot be excelled.

We invite the attention of the ladies to our splendid line of Corsets, seamless Kid Gloves, &c.

☞ Call and examine our stock.

BOOTS & SHOES

In this department, we have devoted much time and labor to the selection of Ladies' Fine Shoes. We believe that we can sell a better shoe for less money than can be bought elsewhere. We have every variety of Lace, Button and Congress Gaiters, and an excellent assortment of Morocco and other Leather Shoes.

For Gentlemen we have a full assortment of Boots and Shoes including the celebrated "Burt Gaiter." Also Misses, Boys' and Children's Shoes in good supply.

HATS.

A better assortment than we have ever kept. Fur, Wool, Silk und Straw suitable for old men, young men, plain men, fancy men, and all sorts of boys.

Drugs and Dyestuffs,

SOAPS AND PERFUMERY, QUEEN AND GLASSWARE, HOLLOWWARE, Iron, Nails, &c., in full supply and at low figures.

HARDWARE.

If you wish Table Cutlery, Pocket Knives, Mechanic's Tools, Farmer's Tools, and Agricultural Implements, Building Materials, Mill Saws, Carriage and Saddlery Hardware, Shoe Findings, Cherry Seeders, Horse and Mule Shoes, &c., call upon us, and we will supply you.

GROCERIES.

We make a specialty of these Goods.

In Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Spices and like articles, we fear no Competition

OUR HOUSE shall remain "HEADQUARTERS" in the Groce ryline.

We call particular attention to above partial enumeration of our stock.

We are agents for the Louderback & Smith's "Rustic Window Shades." They are cheap, convenient and durable, and are better than either the oiled or paper shades. They have had a large sale wherever introduced.

We shall strive earnestly to give satisfaction in all branches of our business, and hope that no customer will have to leave our house to make purchases elsewhere.

Feeling grateful for our past trade and hopeful for its increase in the future, we wish for our Farmers,—"the bone and sinew" of the land,—the most abundant crops, and for all classes good health and increased prosperity.

PATTERSON & CO.
Salem, N. C., April 14, 1871. 14-tf

WM. P. CRAVES, THOS. R. MCDEARMON, WM. T. LAW.

Graves' Warehouse,

DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.,
FOR THE SALE OF
LEAF TOBACCO.

SALES ROOM 166 by 70 feet, with 19 skylights. Prompt attention to the interest and comfort of Planters and their teams.

March 3, 1871—9-1.

We do not RIDE AS FAST as our neighbor,

BUT WE COME WITH
NEW GOODS
EVERY WEEK

AT LOWER PRICES. **Calicoes at 6¼, 8 and 10 cents.** Fine and Neat **DRESS GOODS** cheaper than the cheapest.

J. L. FULKERSON,

GREAT DECLINE IN GROCERIES.

CALL and see BEST ASSORTMENT in this Market.

Sugar 10, Good Coffee 18, Good Molasses 40 cents.

March 10, 1871. J. L. FULKERSON.

THE FINEST, NEATEST, BEST and NEWEST STYLES SHOES for Ladies, Misses and Children, manufactured expressly for our Sales. w

Our best hand-made SHOES arean arranted superior in *Style and Quality* to y in this market. J. L. FULKERSON.

Feb. 17, 1871-7tf.

THREE FINE JEWELRY SHOW CASES and one Iron Safe,

For sale by J. L. FULKERSON.
7-tf.

Vacuum Oil Blacking

Fits HARNESS perfectly,
Prevents Cracking,
Does not fry out or gum the surface,
Softens and preserves the Leather,
Excludes the Water,
Excellent for Boots, Shoes, Buggy-tops, &c.
Put up in Tin Cans, assorted sizes. Prices, Quart 75. Pint 50. Half pint 25.
Gives universal satisfaction.
For sale by
J. L. Fulkerson, SALEM, N. C.

Where you will also find a nicely-selected stock of

Dry-Goods, Hardware, Groceries, Yankee Notions, Hats & Caps, Boots & Shoes, Leather, Wood Ware, &c.

In fact everything usually called for, will always be kept in stock by

J. L. FULKERSON.

Very particular attention paid to the wants of the ladies.

Please give him a call and examine his stock. Jan. 6.

Black and Gold Mixed REPELLENT,

for LADIES' WATER-PROOF CLOAKS.
Feb. 3-5tf J. L. FULKERSON.

LADIES' GENUINE
MALTESE COLLARS,
CLUNY and THREAD LACE & EDGINGS.
Feb. 3-5-tf. J. L. FULKERSON.

LOVERS OF TEA

WILL find the great THEA-NECTAR just what they want, or have their money refunded. Try it, it is cheap.

Jan. 27. J. L. FULKERSON.

MAHOGANY & ROSEWOOD grained TABLE OIL CLOTH. a beautiful article.

Come and see, for seeing is believing, and believing is to buy of J. L. FULKERSON.

Feb.3-5tf.

If you wish a superior article of
EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP and Fine MUSCOVADO MOLASSES
Call on
J. L. FULKERSON.

THERE IS NO DANGER IN USING THE **Best Radiant Oil!** 112 fire test. We keep only the best.

Feb. 3-5tf J. L. FULKERSON.

To Coffee Drinkers.

TRY OUR FINE CEYLON 8 'OCLOCK BREAKFAST COFFEE.

Jan. 27. J. L. FULKERSON.

Health and Strength.

CROOK'S WINE of TAR

Throat and Lungs.

For ten years Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar has been tested and proved in thousands of cases, capable of curing all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, performing wonderful cures. Will you let prejudice prevent you from being cured also? DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR is rich in the medicinal qualities of Tar, combined with vegetable ingredients of undoubted value. It rapidly restores arrested strength, cleanses the Stomach, relaxes the Liver and puts them to work, causes the food to digest, and makes pure blood. If you are afflicted in any way, we know the life-giving tonic properties of Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar, are what you need.

It cures all Coughs and Colds, and its many wonderful cures of Asthma and Bronchitis, have caused many to call it a specific for these complaints. Throat ailments require but a few doses. All suffering from Consumption or any Disease of the Lungs should remember that Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar has cured many cases pronounced incurable.

The Weak and Debilitated should remember it restores and invigorates the system, and is health-giving and appetite-restoring.

It also cures Liver and Kidney Complaints, and by its healthy action on the Stomach, removes Dyspepsia. Try one bottle. Take only Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar. Sold by Druggists.

For Scrofula, Scrofulous Tumors, Scrofulous Diseases of the Eyes, or Scrofula in any form, Rheumatism, Diseases of the Liver, Diseases of the Skin, Eruptions, Pimples, Boils, Tetter, Scald Head, Ulcers, and old Sores, or any disease depending on a depraved condition of the blood, take Dr. Crook's Compound Syrup of Poke Root. It is combined with the best tonic preparations of iron known, and is the best Alterative and Blood Purifier made. Cleans your blood. Try one Bottle. Sold by Druggists.

Prepared only by
CROOK'S WINE & TAR CO., Dayton, O.

May 12, 1871.-19-3m.

BOARDING HOUSE,

Main Street, nearly opposite Hege Bros. Store,

SALEM, N. C.

THE UNDERSIGNED respectfully informs those who are desirous of obtaining comfortable boarding that he is prepared to receive a limited number of ladies and gentlemen upon liberal terms.

Salem is one of the most healthy, quiet and pleasant places in North Carolina, and is a favorite resort for those who desire to escape the summer heats of the lower counties.

R. A. JENKINS.

Salem, N. C., March 31, 1871.-13-tf.

SPRING TRADE, 1871.

WE have now in store our SPRING GOODS, bought mostly for Cash of the Manufacturers and Importers, consisting of

WHITE GOODS, HOSIERY,
GLOVES, SUSPENDERS,
PERFUMERIES, STATIONERY,
and all other articles usually kept in a FIRST CLASS NOTION HOUSE.

Cash and prompt home customers will find it to their advantage to give us a call.

BLAIR & THAXTON,
14 Pearl Street, Richmond Virginia.
April 7.-13-3m.

$5 TO $10 PER DAY! MEN, WOMEN, BOYS AND GIRLS who engage in our business make from FIVE to TEN DOLLARS PER DAY in their own localities. Full particulars and instructions sent free by mail. Those in need of permanent profitable work, should address at once. GEORGE STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.
April 14,-15-3m.

NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

SPLENDID STOCK.

THE Undersigned has just received the most attractive stock of Spring and Summer Goods ever offered by him to the people of this and the surrounding counties, comprising

DRY GOODS, HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, HARDWARE, CLOTHING, NOTIONS,

GROCERIES,

QUEENSWARE, CUTLERY, CROCKERY, KITCHEN FURNITURE, FARM UTENSILS, &c., &c.,

fresh and new, and as cheap as the cheapest. *No one shall get ahead of me in*

LOW PRICES.

My friends will find my stock of Dry Goods and Notions, **STAPLE AND FANCY,** complete, and purchased after the late decline in prices at the North. I have a large supply of **Ladies' and Gentlemen's**

BOOTS AND SHOES,

and can furnish you with the latest make and style.

I am receiving large additions to my stock of

Hardware AND CUTLERY,

and can guarantee satisfaction in quality and prices.

HATS FOR EVERYBODY,

THE LATEST STYLES OUT.

HOSIERY.

The best quality Ladies', Misses', and Children's Hose of every size.

I would call especial attention to my carefully selected stock of

Groceries,

which I offer at the lowest possible price for Cash or Barter.

I earnestly invite the attention of our country and town people to my varied assortment, and promise to make it their interest to purchase of me.

COUNTRY PRODUCE

taken in exchange for goods upon liberal terms.

Call and look over my stock, even if you do not wish to buy just now.

F. CRIST, well known to the people of this will be found at my establishment, and will see all his old friends and customers.

A. WOMMACK,
1871.-17-tf. Agent.

TISEMENTS.

SAPOLIENE

all kinds of Cloths and Clothing, Grease, Tar, &c., *instantly*, without to the finest fabric. Sold by Drug- Fancy Goods Dealers. FRAGRANT ENE CO., 33 Barclay St., New York, 46 La Chicago.

Sal 18-4w.

1826 USE THE "VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM." 1870

The old standard remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumption. *"Nothing better."* CUTLER BROS. & Co., Boston. 18-4w.

Agents! Read This!

WE WILL PAY AGENTS A SALARY OF $30 PER WEEK AND EXPENSES, or allow a large commission to sell our new and wonderful inventions. Address M. WAGNER & Co., Marshall, Mich. 18-4w.

FOR $2 PER LINE,

We will insert an advertisement

ONE MONTH

In Thirty-three First-class

North Carolina Newspapers,

Including Five Dailies.

We would refer to the publisher of this paper, to whom our responsibility is well known.

LIST SENT FREE.

Address **GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Advertising Agents, No. 41 Park Row New, York.**

18-4w.

CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS (24 Papers for $1), **Roses, Evergreens, Shrubbery** (20 sorts for $5), **Bulbs, Vines,** &c. Send for catalogues to C. B. DENSON, Pittsboro, N. C. [18-4w.

Buy the **Apple Parer, Corer and Slicer,** Price $2.00 13-4w.

$10 A DAY FOR ALL with Stencil Tools Address A. E. GRAHAM, Springfield, Vt. [18-4t.

$325 A MONTH. Horse and Carriage furnished. Expenses paid. H. Shaw, Alfred, Me. [18-4t.

CUT THIS OUT!

And send Twenty-five Cents for a Ticket and draw a Watch, Sewing Machine, Piano, or some article of value. No blanks. Six for One Dollar. Address, PACKARD & CO., Cincinnati, Ohio. [18-4w.

THE GREAT SECRET

That every Lady should possess. Infallible. Price 50 cents. Address Box 81, Richmond, Va. [18-4w.

Musical Instruments AT ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE

VIOLINS, GUITARS,
BANJOS, TAMBORINES,
FLUTES, FIFES,
ACCORDIONS.
VIOLIN, GUITAR AND BANJO STRINGS.
Extra Violin
BOWS and HAIR
For Bows, &c., &c., with a good supply of
Perfumery, Soaps & Fancy Articles

Miscellaneous Books.

OUR stock of Miscellaneous Books is varied a good collection—which we offer at low prices, as we wish to reduce our stock.

STEREOSCOPES AND VIEWS—Foreign and Domestic.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM.
Salem, N. C., Jan. 1871.

Hayden's Dictionary of Dates,
At the BOOK STORE.

New Family Grocery!

J. P. LANDQUIST,

SALEM, N. C.,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Salem, Winston, and the surrounding country, that he has taken the business stand recently occupied by Mr. James Fisher, and opened a

Grocery and Provision Store,

for the sale of everything in that line which can be needed by a family. His stock is

NEW AND FRESH,

and has been selected especially with a view to meet the wants of this community. It comprises the best varieties of

MOLASSES, SUGAR, COFFEE and TEAS;
Flour, Meal, Bacon, Lard, Crackers, Butter, Cheese, Pickles, Chickens,
Eggs, Fish, &c., &c.,

constantly on hand, and at astonishingly low prices for

CASH OR BARTER.

☞ Do not fail to inspect my stock before purchasing.

J. P. LANDQUIST.

March 3, 1871-9-3m.

NATURE'S HAIR RESTORATIVE

Contains no LAC SULPHUR—No SUGAR of LEAD—No LITHARGE—No NITRATE of SILVER, and is entirely free from the Poisonous and Health-destroying Drugs used in other Hair Preparations.

Transparent and clear as crystal, it will not soil the finest fabric—perfectly SAFE, CLEAN and EFFICIENT—desideratums long sought for and found at last!

It restores and prevents the Hair from becoming Grey, imparts a soft, glossy appearance, removes Dandruff, is cool and refreshing to the head, checks the Hair from falling off, and restores it to a great extent when prematurely lost, prevents Headaches, cures all Humors, cutaneous eruptions, and unnatural Heat. AS A DRESSING FOR THE HAIR IT IS THE BEST ARTICLE IN THE MARKET.

Dr. G. SMITH, Patentee, Groton Junction, Mass. Prepared only by PROCTER BROTHERS, Gloucester, Mass. The Genuine is put up in a panel bottle, made expressly for it, with the name of the article blown in the glass. Ask your Druggist for Nature's Hair Restorative, and take no other.

Send a three cent stamp to PROCTER BROS., for a Treatise on the Human Hair.—The information it contains is worth $5.00 to any person.

For sale at ZEVELY'S Drug Store.
Nov. 25, 1870-46-1y. Salem, N. C.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has any thing won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known, that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Mercury, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

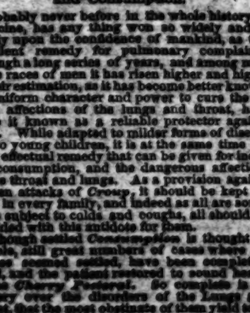
Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.



Sept. 9, 1870-35-1y.

AT HALF PRICE.

Dollar Diaries at Fifty Cents

AT BLUM'S.

Wood's Object Lessons
IN BOTANY.

Game of Great Events.

AT THE BOOK-STORE.

HAND BOOK

FOR
COUNTY OFFICERS
CHEAP AT BLUM'S.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WATCH FREE, and $30 a day sure, no humbug. Address, with stamp, LATTA & CO., Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. 19-4w

AGENTS WANTED,—($225 a Month) by the AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., BOSTON, MASS, or ST. LOUIS, MO. 19-4w.

8 O'CLOCK.

15-4w.

AGENTS, MALE & FEMALE, For fast selling *popular* subscription Books. Extra Inducements to all Agents. Information free, address American Book Co., 62 William Street, N. Y. 19-4w.

Thea-Nectar

IS A PURE
BLACK TEA

with the Green Tea Flavor.—Warranted to suit all tastes. For sale everywhere. And for sale wholesale only by the **Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co.,** 8 Church St., New York. P. O. Box 5506. Send for Thea-Nectar Circular. 19-4w.

WANTED—AGENTS, (**$20 per day**) to sell the celebrated HOME SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Has the under-feed, makes the "lock-stitch" (alike on both sides,) and is fully licensed. The best and cheapest family Sewing Machine in the Market. Address, JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Boston Mass., Pittsburgh, Pa., Chicago, Ill., or St Louis, Mo. 19-4w.

Scripture and Science have met together. Genesis and Geology have kissed each other.

SCIENCE AND THE BIBLE

A book of thrilling interest and greatest importance to every human being. The Papers, Pulpits and People are all discussing the subject and book, every man, woman and child wants to read it. The long fierce war is ended, and honorable peace secured, Science is true, the Bible literal, pure and beautiful, both now satisfied, and firm friends. God's work days, six actual days, not long periods. This book gives the very cream of Science, making its thrilling realities, beauties, wonders and sparkling gems a hundred fold more interesting than fiction. AGENTS WANTED. Experienced Agents will drop other books and secure territory immediately. Address for circular 15-4w ZIEGLER & McCURDY, 10, So. 6th Street Phila. Pa.

FREE TO BOOK AGENTS.

A Pocket Prospectus of the best Illustrated Family Bible, published in both English and German, containing Bible History, Dictionary, Analysis, Harmony, and History of Religions. Sent free on application. W. FLYNT & CO., 26 South 7th St., Phila., Pa. 4w

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REDUCTION OF DUTIES.
GREAT SAVING TO CONSUMERS
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☞ Send for our New Price List and a Club form will accompany it, containing full directions—making a large saving to consumers and remunerative to club organizers.

THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY,
31 & 33 *VESEY STREET,*
P. O. Box 5643. NEW YORK, 19-4w.

JURUBEBA.

WHAT IS IT?

It is a sure and perfect remedy for all diseases of the LIVER AND SPLEEN, ENLARGEMENT OR OBSTRUCTION OF INTESTINES, URINARY, UTERINE, OR ABDOMINAL ORGANS, POVERTY OR A WANT OF BLOOD, INTERMITTENT OR REMITTENT FEVERS, INFLAMMATION OF THE LIVER, DROPSY, SLUGGISH CIRCULATION OF THE BLOOD, ABSCESSES TUMORS, JAUNDICE, SCROFULA, DYSPEPSIA, AGUE AND FEVER AND THEIR CONCOMITANTS

DR. WELLS having become aware of the extraordinary medicinal properties of the South American plant called

JURUBEBA,

sent a special commission to that country to procure it in its native purity, and having found its wonderful curative properties to even exceed the anticipations formed by its great reputation, has concluded to offer it to the public, and is happy to state that he has made arrangements for a regular monthly supply of this wonderful Plant. He has spent much time experimenting and investigating as to the most efficient preparation from it, for popular use, and has for some time used in his own practice with most happy results the effectual medicine now presented to the public as

Dr. WELL'S EXTRACT OF JURUBEBA

and he confidently recommends it to every family as a household remedy which should be freely taken as a BLOOD PURIFIER in all derangements of the system and to animate and fortify all weak and Lymphatic temperaments. JOHN O. KELLOGG,
Platt St. New York.

Price One Dollar per bottle. Send for Circular. 19-4w

AGENTS WANTED FOR

A. H. STEPHENS

Great History of the War. Complete in one volume. Send for circulars, with terms and a full description of the work. Address National Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa., Atlanta, Ga., or St. Louis, Mo. [19-4t.

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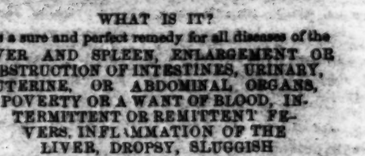
A pocket Prospectus of the best Illustrated Family Bible, published in both English and German, containing Bible History, Dictionary, Analysis, Harmony and History of Religions. Sent free on application. W. FLINT & CO., 19-4w. 26th South 7th St., Philadelphia, Pa.



19-4w.

CANCERS, TUMORS, ULCERS!

ASTONISHING cures by Prof. Kline at the Philadelphia Cancer Institute, 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa. At Branch Offices, by Dr. Dalton, 233 West Fourth St., Cincinnati, O.; by Dr. Greene, Charlotte, N. C.; by Dr. Healy, Stubblefield House, Atlanta, Ga.

Wonderful Cancer Antidotes.

No Knife. No Caustic Medicines. No Blood. Little Pain.

For particulars, call on or address either of the above.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50 cents to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls can earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: to all who are not well satisfied we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The Peoples' Literary Companion, one of the largest and best family newspapers published, all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine. 19-4w.

INK STANDS—Counting House, and Pocket. Tilden (non spilling) Instand.

POETRY.

FATHER'S GROWING OLD.

Our father's growing old John!
His eyes are growing dim,
And years are on his shoulders laid,
A heavy weight for him,
But you and I are young and hale
And each a stalwart man,
And we must make his load of life
As easy as we can.

He used to take the brunt, John!
At cradle and at plow,
And earned our porridge by the sweat
That trickled down his brow;
Yet never heard we him complain,
What'er his toil might be,
Ner wanted e'er a welcome seat
Upon his solid knee.

And when our boy-strength came, John!
And sturdy grew each limb,
He brought us to the yellow field
To share the toil with him;
But he went foremost in the swarth,
Tossing aside the grain,
Just like the plow that heaves the sod,
Or ship that sheers the main.

Now we must lead the van, John!
Through weather foul and fair,
And let the old man read and doze,
And tilt his easy chair;
And he'll not mind it, John, you know,
At eve to tell us o'er
Those brave old days of British times,
Our grandsires and the war.

I heard you speak of ma'am John!
'Tis gospel what you say,
That caring of the like of us
Has turned her head so gray!
Yet, John, I do remember well
When neighbors called her vain,
And when her hair was long and like
A gleaming sheaf of grain,

Her lips were cherry red, John!
Her cheeks were round and fair,
And like a ripened peach they swelled
Against her wavey hair.
Her steps fell lightly as the leaf
From off the summer tree,
And all day busy at the wheel
She sang to you and me.

She had a buxom arm, John!
That wielded well the rod,
Whene'er, with wilful step our feet
The path forbidden trod;
But to the heaven of her eye
We never looked in vain,
And ever more our yielding cry
Brought down the tears like rain.

But that is long agone, John!
And we are what we are,
And little heed we day by day
Her fading cheek and hair,
And when beneath her faithful breast
The tides no longer stir,
'Tis then, John, we most shall feel
We had no friend like her.

Since there can be no harm, John!
Thus speaking softly o'er
The blessed names of those ere long
Shall welcome us no more,
Nay, hide it not, for why shouldst thou
An honest tear disown?
The heart one day will lighter be
Remembering it has flown.

Yes, father's growing old, John!
His eyes are getting dim,
And mother's treading softly down
The deep descent with him.
But you and I are young and hale,
And each a stalwart man,
And we must make their path as smooth
And level as we can!

Post Office Directory.

Office hours, Sunday, from 8½ to 9½ A. M and from 1 to 2, P. M.

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Arrives daily by 8½, A. M. Closes daily a 1½, P. M.

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Arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, by 1.30 P. M. Closes Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 9, A. M.

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BRUSH AWAY!

WITH superior Hair, Cloth, Tooth, Nail, Hat, Paint, Whitewash and Horse Brushes.—Best in market.

NEW COMBS!

WHO would do without a new Comb, when a superior article of *Horn, Shell, Gutta Percha*,—plain and metal backs,—*Fine-tooth* and *Pocket Combs*, can be had so cheap,

SAVE YOUR MONEY!

BY purchasing either *Pocket Wallets, Ladies' Purses* of steel, leather and velvet,—neat and durable.

"FAIRY CASKET,"

A beautiful article for Ladies Toilet use, with SOAP and PERFUMERY in great variety, and at all prices.

BRIGHT!
BRIGHTER!!
BRIGHTEST!!!

SAPOLIO for cleaning Silver, Brass, Tin, &c., superior to any article of the kind now in use.

☞ Be sure and call for any of the above articles at

ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE.

POST OFFICE BUILDING, Salem, N. C.
48-tf.

JUST RECEIVED,

ANOTHER supply of Drugs, Medicines, Dyestuffs, Perfumery, Fancy Articles &c., &c. at

ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE
Post Office Building.

VERMICELLI & MACCARONI
AT
ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE,
POSTOFFICE BUILDING
Feb. 20, 1868 26-

HABEAS CORPUS.

Hon. W. H. Battle's Report of the proceedings in the Habeas Corpus cases of the prisoners arrested by order of Gov. Holden, in July and August for sale at the BOOK STORE.

NEW BOOKS!

HEAVENWARD LED,
The Two Brothers, and other Poems, Bickersuth.
Home Religion, MacKenzie.
The Lords Prayer, and other Miscellaneous Books,
AT THE BOOK STORE.

Patterson & Co's Column

SPRING & SUMMER CAMPAIGN.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

An increasing trade has induced us to purchase a LARGER STOCK OF GOODS than usual, and to add to it many new attractions.. We have adopted as our rule in business:

"QUICK SALES and SHORT PROFITS,"

Hoping, by a frequent turn of our money, to realize the same profit that slow merchants expect from selling one or two purchases a year. Trusting in this way to reward ourselves, we give the benefit of short profits to our customers.

We believe that our accumulated stock will prove ample for the wants of our trade. If mistaken, we shall order from the most reliable business houses in the northern cities, until the needs of all our customers are supplied.

The decline in many articles of merchandise warrants us in promising

LOW PRICES.

DRY GOODS:

Prints of every style and price, DeLaines, Challies, Lawns, Linen Lawns, Piques, Alpacas, Gros Grain and Japanese Silks and other late styles of Dress Goods. Swiss Muslins, in large supply, Nainsook, Mull Muslin, Brilliants, &c. A very full assortment of Brown and Bleached Muslins, Tickings, Drills, and Linen Goods.

For Gentlemen's Wear:—Elegant Black Doeskin, Fancy Cassimeres, Cottonades, Linen Duck, "Fries' Jeans," including a new and beautiful style of Tweeds now being manufactured. Also a well selected stock of READY MADE CLOTHING, both in Wool and Linen.

NOTIONS.

A larger stock than ever. Our line of Hosiery, Gloves, Veils, Trimmings, Laces, Edgings and Insertings, and Fancy Goods of all kinds cannot be excelled.

We invite the attention of the ladies to our splendid line of Corsets, seamless Kid Gloves, &c.

☞ Call and examine our stock.

BOOTS & SHOES

In this department, we have devoted much time and labor to the selection of Ladies' Fine Shoes. We believe that we can sell a better shoe for less money than can be bought elsewhere. We have every variety of Lace, Button and Congress Gaiters, and an excellent assortment of Morocco and other Leather Shoes.

For Gentlemen we have a full assortment of Boots and Shoes including the celebrated "Burt Gaiter." Also Misses, Boys' and Children's Shoes in good supply.

HATS,

A better assortment than we have ever kept. Fur, Wool, Silk und Straw suitable for old men, young men, plain men, fancy men, and all sorts of boys.

Drugs and Dyestuffs,
SOAPS AND PERFUMERY, QUEEN AND GLASSWARE, HOLLOWWARE, Iron, Nails, &c., in full supply and at low figures.

HARDWARE.

If you wish Table Cutlery, Pocket Knives, Mechanic's Tools, Farmer's Tools, and Agricultural Implements, Building Materials, Mill Saws, Carriage and Saddlery Hardware, Shoe Findings, Cherry Seeders, Horse and Mule Shoes, &c., call upon us, and we will supply you.

GROCERIES.

We make a specialty of these Goods.
In Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Spices and like articles, we fear no Competition
OUR HOUSE shall remain "HEADQUARTERS" in the Groce ryline.

We call particular attention to above partial enumeration of our stock.

We are agents for the Louderback & Smith's "Rustic Window Shades." They are cheap, convenient and durable, and are better than either the oiled or paper shades. They have had a large sale wherever introduced.

We shall strive earnestly to give satisfaction in all branches of our business, and hope that no customer will have to leave our house to make purchases elsewhere.

Feeling grateful for our past trade and hopeful for its increase in the future, we wish for our Farmers,—"the bone and sinew" of the land,—the most abundant crops, and for all classes good health and increased prosperity.

PATTERSON & CO.
Salem, N. C., April 14, 1871. 14-tf

WM. P. GRAVES, THOS. R. MCDERMON, WM. T. LAW.

Graves' Warehouse,

DANVILLE, VIRGINIA,
FOR THE SALE OF
LEAF TOBACCO.

SALES ROOM 166 by 70 feet, with 19 skylights. Prompt attention to the interest and comfort of Planters and their teams.
March 3, 1871—9-1.

We do not RIDE AS FAST as our neighbor,

BUT WE COME WITH
NEW GOODS
EVERY WEEK

AT LOWER PRICES. Calicoes at 6¼, 8 and 10 cents. Fine and Neat DRESS GOODS cheaper than the cheapest.

J. L. FULKERSON,

GREAT DECLINE IN GROCERIES.

CALL and see BEST ASSORTMENT in this Market.
Sugar 10, Good Coffee 18, Good Molasses 40 cents.
March 10, 1871. J. L. FULKERSON,

THE FINEST, NEATEST, BEST and NEWEST STYLES SHOES for Ladies, Misses and Children, manufactured expressly for our Sales.

Our best hand-made SHOES are warranted superior in *Style and Quality* to any in this market. J. L. FULKERSON.
Feb. 17, 1871–7tf.

THREE FINE JEWELRY SHOW CASES

and one Iron Safe,
For sale by J. L. FULKERSON.
7-tf

Vacuum Oil Blacking

Fits HARNESS perfectly,
Prevents Cracking,
Does not fry out or gum the surface,
Softens and preserves the Leather,
Excludes the Water,
Excellent for Boots, Shoes, Buggy-tops, &c.
Put up in Tin Cans, assorted sizes. Prices, Quart 75. Pint 50. Half pint 25.
Gives universal satisfaction.
For sale by
J. L. Fulkerson, SALEM, N. C.
Where you will also find a nicely-selected stock of
Dry-Goods, Hardware, Groceries, Yankee Notions, Hats & Caps, Boots & Shoes, Leather, Wood Ware, &c.
In fact everything usually called for, will always be kept in stock by
J. L. FULKERSON.
Very particular attention paid to the wants of the ladies.
Please give him a call and examine his stock. Jan. 6.

Black and Gold Mixed REPELLENT,
for LADIES' WATER-PROOF CLOAKS.
Feb. 3–5tf J. L. FULKERSON.

LADIES' GENUINE
MALTESE COLLARS,
CLUNY and THREAD LACE & EDGINGS.
Feb. 3–5–tf. J. L. FULKERSON.

LOVERS OF TEA

WILL find the great THEA-NECTAR just what they want, or have their money refunded. Try it, it is cheap.
Jan. 27. J. L. FULKERSON.

MAHOGANY & ROSEWOOD grained TABLE OIL CLOTH.
a beautiful article.
Come and see, for seeing is believing, and believing is to buy of J. L. FULKERSON
Feb.3–5tf.

If you wish a superior article of
EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP and Fine MUSCOVADO MOLASSES
Call on
J. L. FULKERSON.

THERE IS NO DANGER IN USING THE
Best Radiant Oil!
112 fire test. We keep only the best.
Feb. 3–5tf J. L. FULKERSON.

To Coffee Drinkers.

TRY OUR FINE CEYLON 8 'OCLOCK BREAKFAST COFFEE.
Jan. 27. J. L. FULKERSON.

Health and Strength.
CROOK'S WINE of TAR
Throat and Lungs.

For ten years Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar has been tested and proved in thousands of cases, capable of curing all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, performing wonderful cures. Will you let prejudice prevent you from being cured also?

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR is rich in the medicinal qualities of Tar, combined with vegetable ingredients of undoubted value. It rapidly restores exhausted strength, cleanses the Stomach, relaxes the Liver and puts them to work, causes the food to digest, and makes pure blood. If you are afflicted in any way, we know the life-giving healing properties of Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar, are what you need.

It cures all Coughs and Colds, and its many wonderful cures of Asthma and Bronchitis, have caused many to call it a specific for these complaints. Throat ailments require but a few doses. All suffering from Consumption or any Disease of the Lungs should remember that Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar has cured many cases pronounced incurable.

The Weak and Debilitated should remember it renovates and invigorates the system, and is health-giving and appetite-creating.

It also cures Liver and Kidney Complaints, and by its healthy action on the Stomach, removes Dyspepsia. Try one bottle. Take only Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar. Sold by Druggists.

For Scrofula, Scrofulous Tumors, Scrofulous Diseases of the Eyes, or Scrofula in any form, Rheumatism, Diseases of the Liver, Disease of the Skin, Eruptions, Pimples, Boils, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Ulcers, and old Sores, or any disease depending on a depraved condition of the blood, take Dr. Crook's Compound Syrup of Poke Root. It is combined with the best tonic preparations of iron known, and is the best Alterative and Blood Purifier made. Cleanse your blood. Try one Bottle. Sold by Druggists.
Prepared only by
CROOK & CO., Dayton, O.
May 12, 1871.–19-3m.

BOARDING HOUSE,

Main Street, nearly opposite Hege Bros. Store,
SALEM, N. C.

THE UNDERSIGNED respectfully informs those who are desirous of obtaining comfortable boarding that he is prepared to receive a limited number of ladies and gentlemen upon liberal terms.

Salem is one of the most healthy, quiet and pleasant places in North Carolina, and is a favorite resort for those who desire to escape the summer heats of the lower counties.

R. A. JENKINS.
Salem, N. C., March 31, 1871.–13-tf.

SPRING TRADE, 1871.

WE have now in store our SPRING GOODS, bought mostly for Cash of the Manufacturers and Importers, consisting of

WHITE GOODS, HOSIERY,
GLOVES, SUSPENDERS,
PERFUMERIES, STATIONERY,
and all other articles usually kept in a FIRST CLASS NOTION HOUSE.

Cash and prompt home customers will find it to their advantage to give us a call.

BLAIR & THAXTON,
14 Pearl Street, Richmond Virginia.
April 7.–13–3m.

$5 TO $10 PER DAY! MEN, WOMEN, BOYS AND GIRLS who engage in our business make from FIVE to TEN DOLLARS PER DAY in their own localities. Full particulars and instructions sent free by mail. Those in need of permanent profitable work, should address at once. GEORGE STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.
April 14.–15-3m.

NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

SPLENDID STOCK.

THE Undersigned has just received the most attractive stock of Spring and Summer Goods ever offered by him to the people of this and the surrounding counties, comprising

GROCERIES,

QUEENSWARE, CUTLERY, CROCKERY, KITCHEN FURNITURE, FARM UTENSILS, &c., &c.,

fresh and new, and as cheap as the cheapest. *No one shall get ahead of me in*

LOW PRICES.

My friends will find my stock of Dry Goods and Notions, STAPLE AND FANCY, complete, and purchased after the late decline in prices at the North. I have a large supply of **Ladies' and Gentlemen's**

BOOTS AND SHOES,

and can furnish you with the latest make and style.

I am receiving large additions to my stock of

Hardware AND CUTLERY,

and can guarantee satisfaction in quality and prices.

HATS FOR EVERYBODY,
THE LATEST STYLES OUT.

HOSIERY,
The best quality Ladies', Misses', and Children's Hose of every size.

I would call especial attention to my carefully selected stock of

Groceries,

which I offer at the lowest possible price for Cash or Barter.

I earnestly invite the attention of our country and town people to my varied assortment, and promise to make it their interest to purchase of me.

COUNTRY PRODUCE
taken in exchange for goods upon liberal terms.

Call and look over my stock, even if you do not wish to buy just now.

F. CRIST, well known to the people of this will be found at my establishment, and will ce all his old friends and customers.

A. WOMMACK,
1871.–17-tf. Agent.

TISEMENTS.

SAPOLIENE

all kinds of Cloths and Clothing, Grease, Tar, &c., *instantly*, without to the finest fabric. Sold by Druggists, Fancy Goods Dealers. FRAGRANT NE CO., 33 Barclay St., New York, 46 La Chicago.
18-4w.

1826 USE THE "VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM." 1870
The old standard remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumption. *"Nothing better."* CUTLER BROS. & Co., Boston.
18-4w.

Agents! Read This!

WE WILL PAY AGENTS A SALARY OF $30 PER WEEK AND EXPENSES, or allow a large commission to sell our new and wonderful inventions. Address M. WAGNER & Co., Marshall, Mich. 18-4w.

FOR $2 PER LINE,
We will insert an advertisement
ONE MONTH
In Thirty-three First-class
North Carolina Newspapers,
Including Five Dailies.
We would refer to the publisher of this paper, to whom our responsibility is well known.
LIST SENT FREE.
Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,
Advertising Agents,
No. 41 Park Row New, York.
18-4w.

CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS (24 Papers for $1), Roses, Evergreens, Shrubbery (20 sorts for $5). Bulbs, Vines, &c. Send for catalogues to C. B. DENSON, Pittsboro, N. C. [18-4w.

Buy the **Apple Parer, Corer and Slicer,** Price $2.00 18-4w.

$10 A DAY FOR ALL, with Stencil Tools Address A. E. GRAHAM, Springfield, Vt. [18-4t.

$325 A MONTH. Horse and Carriage furnished. Expenses paid. H. Shaw, Alfred, Me. [18-4t.

CUT THIS OUT!

And send Twenty-five Cents for a Ticket and draw a Watch, Sewing Machine, Piano, or some article of value. No blanks. Six for One Dollar. Address, PACKARD & CO., Cincinnati, Ohio. [18-4w.

THE GREAT SECRET
That every Lady should possess. Infallible. Price 50 cents. Address Box 81, Richmond, Va. [18-4w.

Musical Instruments AT ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE

VIOLINS, GUITARS,
BANJOS, TAMBORINES,
FLUTES, FIFES,
ACCORDIONS.
VIOLIN, GUITAR AND BANJO STRINGS.
Extra Violin
BOWS and HAIR
For Bows, &c., &c., with a good supply of
Perfumery, Soaps & Fancy Articles

Miscellaneous Books.

OUR stock of Miscellaneous Books is varied a good collection—which we offer at low prices, as we wish to reduce our stock.

STEREOSCOPES AND VIEWS—Foreign and Domestic.

L. Y. & E. T. BLUM.
Salem, N. C., Jan. 1871.

Hayden's Dictionary of Dates,
At the BOOK STORE.

New Family Grocery!

J. P. LANDQUIST,

SALEM, N. C.,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Salem, Winston, and the surrounding country, that he has taken the business stand recently occupied by Mr. James Fisher, and opened a

Grocery and Provision Store,

for the sale of everything in that line which can be needed by a family. His stock is

NEW AND FRESH,

and has been selected especially with a view to meet the wants of this community. It comprises the best varieties of

MOLASSES, SUGAR, COFFEE and TEAS, Flour, Meal, Bacon, Lard, Crackers, Butter, Cheese, Pickles, Chickens, Eggs, Fish, &c., &c.,

constantly on hand, and at astonishingly low prices for

CASH OR BARTER.

☞ Do not fail to inspect my stock before purchasing. J. P. LANDQUIST.
March 3, 1871–9-3m.

NATURE'S HAIR RESTORATIVE

Contains no LAC SULPHUR—No SUGAR of LEAD—No LITHARGE—No NITRATE of SILVER, and is entirely free from the Poisonous and Health-destroying Drugs used in other Hair Preparations.

Transparent and clear as crystal, it will not soil the finest fabric—perfectly SAFE, CLEAN and EFFICIENT—desideratums long sought for and found at last!

It restores and prevents the Hair from becoming Grey, imparts a soft, glossy appearance, removes Dandruff, is cool and refreshing to the head, checks the Hair from falling off, and restores it to a great extent when prematurely lost, prevents Headaches, cures all Humors, cutaneous eruptions, and unnatural Heat. AS A DRESSING FOR THE HAIR IT IS THE BEST ARTICLE IN THE MARKET.

Dr. G. SMITH, Patentee, Groton Junction, Mass. Prepared only by PROCTER BROTHERS, Gloucester, Mass. The Genuine is put up in a panel bottle, made expressly for it, with the name of the article blown in the glass. Ask your Druggist for Nature's Hair Restorative, and take no other.

Send a three cent stamp to PROCTER BROS., for a Treatise on the Human Hair.—The information it contains is worth $5.00 to any person.

For sale at ZEVELY'S Drug Store,
Nov. 25, 1870-46-1y. Salem, N. C.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has any thing won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind as this great remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled Consumption is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known, that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Mercury, Iron, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it is powerless to injure any patient, however young. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

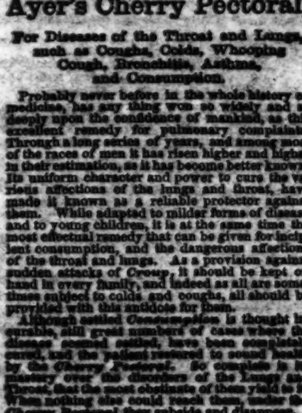
Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.


THE TURBINE
THE EFFEL'S UNRIVALLED AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER WHEEL.
WATER WHEEL.
Mill Gearing, Shafting & Pulleys
STEAM ENGINES & BOILERS.
POOLE & HUNT, BALTIMORE.
SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.

Sept. 9, 1870-35-1y.

AT HALF PRICE.

Dollar Diaries at Fifty Cents
AT BLUM'S.

Wood's Object Lessons
IN BOTANY.

Game of Great Events.
AT THE BOOK-STORE.

HAND BOOK

FOR
COUNTY OFFICERS
CHEAP AT BLUM'S.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WATCH FREE, and $300 a day sure, no humbug. Address, with stamp, LATTA & CO., Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. 19-4w

AGENTS WANTED.—($225 a Month) by the AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., BOSTON, MASS, or ST. LOUIS, MO. 19-4w.

8 O'CLOCK.

15-4w.

AGENTS, MALE & FEMALE. For fast selling *popular* subscription Books. Extra Inducements to all Agents. Information free, address American Book Co., 62 William Street, N. Y. 19-4w.

Thea-Nectar

IS A PURE
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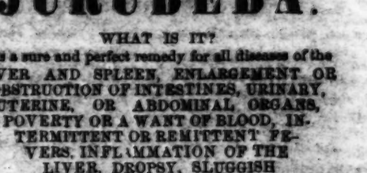

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